THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,457—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
7th Oct.	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
28th "	MANTUA	11000	CHINA	8000
4th Nov.	DELHI	8040	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
18th "	MOREA	11000	.....	...
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
2nd Dec.	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8000
16th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10500
30th "	MALOJA	11000	.....	...
1912				
6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	7000	.....	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	.....	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10500	.....	...
9th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
30th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
6th April.	MARMORA	10500	.....	...
13th "	MOOLTAN	10000	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
27th "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
4th May.	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
11th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
25th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON DOCKS and passengers for MARSEILLES transhipped and forwarded to the "CHINA."

Steamers leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 2 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Delay of Passengers cannot go on board the Steamer.

FIRST CLASS INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, next for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only AT REDUCED FARES.

	Single.	Return.
Marseilles.....Rs. 495 or £33, 10/		Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
London by Southampton.Rs. 528 or Rs. 627		Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent,
Bombay.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE)

CORONATION DURBAR AT DELHI

(12th December, 1911.)

Steamer	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about 1911	Due Bombay about 1911	Leave Karachi about 1911	Leave Bombay about 1911
City of Athens	5591	.....	.....	12 Oct.	...
City of York	7819	.....	11 Oct.	31 Oct.	...
City of Vienna	4671	.....	25 Oct.	17 Nov.	...
City of London	9030	14 Oct.	4 Nov.	21 Nov.	...
				For Calcutta	
City of Benares	6973	7 Oct.	29 Oct.	22 Nov.	...
Trowbridge Hall	3331	23 Oct.	17 Nov.	9 Dec.	...
City of Lahore	7163	30 Oct.	21 Nov.	16 Dec. 1912	19 Dec. 1912
City of Birmingham	7009	16 Nov.	9 Dec.	3 Jan.	...
City of Athens	5594	30 Nov.	23 Dec. 1912	13 Jan.	16 Jan.
City of York	7819	16 Dec. 1912	8 Jan.	29 Jan.	1 Feb.
City of Sparta	5413	4 Jan.	27 Jan.	...	13 Feb.
City of Glasgow	6529	13 Jan.	5 Feb.	26 Feb.	29 Feb.
Trowbridge Hall	3331	23 Jan.	16 Feb.	13 Mar	...
City of Calcutta	7312	3 Feb.	26 Feb.	23 Mar.	26 Mar.
City of Birmingham	7009	20 Feb.	14 Mar.	6 Apr.	...
City of Athens	4672	.....	.....	.....	13 Apl.
City of Athens	5594	2 Mar.	24 Mar.	17 Apl.	...
City of York	7800	12 Mar.	3 Apl.	27 Apl.	30 Apl.
City of Sparta	5413	26 Mar.	18 Apl.	11 May	...
City of Glasgow	6529	10 Apr.	3 May	25 May	28 May

N.B.—All the above steamers have second class accommodation except the City of Vienna, and Trafford Hall.

FARES	1st class Single	1st class Return	2nd class Single	2nd class Return
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,041	489	809
Liverpool	695	957	462	704

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers and Men of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is proved to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardesses.

All the steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

Return Fares at reduced rates Free Passage by B.I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

JOINT SERVICE

in connection with

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained.

Through bookings to AMERICA in conjunction with the Cunard LINE.

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons, Agency.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Calcutta: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

FOR TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
ERNEB MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1205	Thurs.	5th Oct.	9 a.m.	*via C. M.
Dwarka	1695	Fri.	6th Oct.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Lhasa	2164	Mon.	9th Oct.	11 a.m.	‡via P. D. & C. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer,
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 5th Oct. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Palitana," 2993 tons, on Wednesday 4th October, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah, and Bareh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, on or about 6th October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA

S.S. "Itanra" 5197 tons on or about 7th October.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

5th October, 1911.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge,
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Bohemia	4234	G. Gillhuber	15th Oct. 1911
Kosrber	5423	A. Foresti	1st Nov. "
Bregenz	3305	A. Petris	15th " "
Africa	4720	E. Seberich	1st Dec. "
Habsburg	3979	...	16th Dec. "
Koerber	5423	A. Foresti	1st Jan. 1912.
Bregenz	3305	A. Petris	15th " "
Cleopatra	4039	...	1st Feb. "
Habsburg	3979	...	16th F.b. "
Semiramis	3999	...	1st Mar. "
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th " "
Cleopatra	4039	...	1st April "
Habsburg	3979	...	16th " "
Semiramis	3999	...	1st May "
Bregenz	3905	A. Petris	16th " "
Cleopatra	4039	...	1st June "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about.
China	6017	P. Pavisich	27th Dec. 1911
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	28th Jan. 1912
Persia	5895	S. Clunak	26th Feb. "
Nippon	6350	E. Tarabochia	28th Mar. "
Vorwaerts	5999	R. Dannecker	27th April "
Austria	7588	G. Raicich	28th " "
China	6017	P. Pavisich	28th May "
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	27th June "

a Will not call at Karachi.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES. ACCELERATED LINE.

First Class to Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 500
" Class to Trieste or Venice and back " 750
" Class to London via Trieste ..... " 79 to 644
" Class to London via Trieste and back " 90 to 1038*
Second Class to Trieste or Venice..... " 350
" Class to Trieste or Venice and back " 525
" C ass to London via Trieste..... " 429 to 449*
" Class to London via Trieste and back " 683 to 723**

*Fares according to class of railway.
** Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450
" Class to Trieste or Venice and back ..... " 675
Saloon Class to London via Trieste ... " 529 to 791*
" Class to London via Trieste and back..... " 833 to 963*

*Fares according to Route and Class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Tons	Captain	To sail about
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	25th Oct. 1911.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.,
52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

CALCUTTA BRANCH will open 1st November, in Bankshall Street.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application,
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application,
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India,
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected,
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other Goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL....	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accorued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due,
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities,

Post Box No. 161, BOMBAY. W. J. K. HEGARTY Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906,
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED...	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP...	,, 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND.....	,, 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent, per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
"Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application."

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON E.C.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque J'Outremer.)
WALTER MURRAY GUTHRIE, Esq., (Director of the London Joint Stock Bank Ltd.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq., Chairman.
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Horaby Road and Church Gate Street.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs.1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the interest for the half year is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits fixed for one year and shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

JEWELRY

APART from the unwavering and solid demand there is for brooches and bracelets, ornaments which cannot be disregarded with any toilet, and the wide range in hair ornaments from combs and barrettes to fillets and bandeaux, permitted by the present varying style of coiffure, we are inclined to give neckwear the first place as receiving the most prominent fashionable attention, Ear ornaments follow next with hair ornaments a close third.

NECKWEAR

Medallions or Plaques continue to grow wonderfully in popular fancy, possibly because the present fancies are even more dainty and delicate than ever. We have a collection of these ornaments which are unparalelled for absolute exclusiveness and distinctiveness in idea and designs indicating Art in its truest interpretation. Festoon necklaces and necklaces with pearshaped drops in fancy stones or stole effects in braided beads and bands also continue to command admiration while the neckchain and guard attached to a locket are indispensable ornaments for afternoon or day-wear.

EAR ORNAMENTS

The pendulum of fashion continues to support and patronise lavishly ear wear in even a more determined manner than ever. The only discouragement hitherto offered to a more universal use has been overcome and it is now no longer necessary to have the ears pierced in order to wear them; as the ear ornaments may now be attached to the ear by an invisible arrangement. We have a choice collection in earwear which will be found suitable for evening wear, or with very elaborate indoor costumes and also smaller designs for wear during the day or for out-of-door use. Our stock comprises a variety in style from the dainty diamond or pearl bouton close up to the ear to the hanging pendants and hoops, in plain gold or beautifully jewelled.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 83,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE Empire of India Life Office WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS

are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE beg to bring to the notice of the public that when buying OLIVE OIL they should see that the same is the real produce of the OLIVE TREE as there are several kinds of so-called Olive oils which are only Cotton Seed Oil.

We as Agents for the world renowned FIRM of FERDINANDO NENCIONI of PISA (ITALY) who has been awarded a score of GOLD MEDALS for their produce at the Principal Exhibitions of the World are in a position to guarantee our OLIVE OIL, to be what it is actually called and to have no admixture whatever.

AVOID therefore the poisonous stuff and buy the genuine produce of OIL from the OLIVE TREE, obtainable only.

FROM

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,
PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,
GULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.
MAKERS OF

PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,

FOR

STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.

MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20.

CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON.
CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION)

Telephone No. 1718.

Telegraphic Add: TEXACOIL, BOMBAY.

THE TEXAS COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS & IMPORTERS

OF

HIGH GRADE KEROSENE & LUBRICATING OILS

KEROSENE OIL BRANDS.

Southern Star	150°	Fire Test,
Unicorn	125°	" "
Vishnu	125°	" "

ALL THE ABOVE BRANDS ARE IMPORTED IN CASES.

GRESHAM BUILDING, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

WEDDING	CAKES.
WEDDING	CAKE ORNAMENTS.
WEDDING	CAKE STANDS.
WEDDING	CAKE BOUQUETS.
WEDDING	CAKE WREATHS.
WEDDING	CAKE BOXES.
WEDDING	FLAGS.
WEDDING	FAVORS.
WEDDING	CRACKERS.
WEDDING	RECEPTIONS.
WEDDING	CONFETTI, Etc., Etc., Etc.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS," Telephone No. 325.

BY BATLIWALA'S AGUE CURED MIXTURE & PILLS.

FEVER AGUE & INFLUENZA.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS
for pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness early stage of consumption and indigestion, etc, etc.
Re. 1-8 ans. each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER
is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English anticeptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT
cures ring-worm Dhobies itch etc. in a day.
Ans. 4 each.

One Rupee each

OF ALL DEALERS, OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI LABORATORY,
Dadar, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, trembling, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful period., backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck. It improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and assured means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of rest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Manufactured by THE INDIA—TREASURER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, ST. CULLA, AND POONA.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas, Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The Insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTIFICATION.

ENQUIRIES REGARDING ACCOMMODATION in the Amphitheatre on the Apollo Bandar, on the occasion of the Disembarkation and Reception of THEIR MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTIES, THE KING-EMPEROR and QUEEN-EMPRESS, on SATURDAY, the 2nd December, 1911, should be made in writing to the undersigned before the 15th November, 1911.

2. The address must be given in full when applying for a card of admission.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Bombay, 1st October, 1911.

NOTICE.

WE herewith beg to announce that Mr. H. TESSMANN, has, TO-DAY, been ADMITTED A PARTNER, in our Firm.

A. BLASCHECK & Co.

Bombay, 4th October, 1911.

GOVERNMENT MEDICAL APPOINTMENT VACANT.

A QUALIFIED MEDICAL MAN IS REQUIRED to officiate for about 6 months in the appointment of Police Surgeon, Bombay City. Applicants must possess a registrable qualification to practice in the United Kingdom, or the Medical degree or diploma of a recognised Indian University, and preference will be given to one with Medico-legal experience. The Officiating pay of the appointment is Rs. 800 per mensem, and the selected candidate must enter on the duties at once. Consulting practice only allowed.

Applications will be received up to the 16th instant, by the PERSONAL ASSISTANT to the SURGEON-GENERAL, with the Government of Bombay, from whom further particulars may, if required, be obtained.

A LONDON MERCHANT FIRM of the highest repute is OPEN to act as BUYING AGENTS for a first class Bombay Firm with sound connections. References exchanged. Only those of good financial standing, please write for appointment to "MERCHANT" care of the "Bombay Gazette", 2, Green Street, Fort.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. VITHALDAS GOPALDAS, of Bombay, Hindu, has contracted TO SELL the undermentioned property, to our client Mr. JEHANGIR MANECKJI CONTRACTOR. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 79, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be complated without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of freehold vacant land situate at Bombay without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 941 88/100 square yards or thereabouts, and formerly registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue with other land under New Survey No. 1/7363, and bounded on the East by Chunam Kiln Road, on the West and South by the property of the vendor, and on the North by the property of Mr. Tribhowandas Vurjiwandas contracted to be sold by him to the purchaser, which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1797 (1) and street No. 1 Chunam Kiln Road, and are now in the possession of the vendor.—Dated this 4th day of October, 1911.

PESTANJEE RUSTIM KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.
SPECIAL TIME TABLE FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE.	NORTH-WEST ROUTE
Corridor Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi.	Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur. Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.

DOWN.		DOWN.	
Bombay (Colaba)	D. 22-0	Bombay (Colaba)	D. 21-30
Delhi	A. 6-57	Delhi	A. 8-45
UP.		UP.	
Delhi	D. 22-45	Delhi	D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba)	A. 7-30	Bombay (Colaba)	A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run when necessary leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers for and from beyond Delhi should change at Delhi.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

QUICK DESPATCH OF GOODS TO DELHI.

A Special through Express Goods Train is now running daily by the Broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 28th September, 1911.

WANTED.

EUROPEAN, young, energetic and of good address TO CANVASS for ADVERTISEMENTS. One with previous experience preferred. Apply with credentials to GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

BANK OF BOMBAY
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

GUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. FACING THE SEA. FORT BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

MR. BALLIWALLA'S
GRAND BENEFIT NIGHT.

In appreciation of the MASTERLY ACTING and high QUALITIES of ENTERTAINING the public a grand gathering is instituted by the Bombay Theatre-goers

TO-NIGHT,
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5,
at 9-30 p.m. when

DELAIR DELSHER,

An Urdu adaptation of Robert Macaire, will be staged at the

GRAND THEATRE,
Falkland Road.

Under the distinguished patronage and immediate presence of Judges of the High Court, Military Officers and members of H. M.'s Services and the local gentry for the BENEFIT of

MR. K. M. BALLIWALLA,

the Director-Actor, Proprietor of Bulliwalla's Company.

Gorgeous Scenery, Charming Indian Dances and Oriental Costumes of high order, specially prepared for the occasion, will be displayed.

Seats may be booked at the BALLIWALLA'S GRAND THEATRE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:—Special sofa, Rs. 20 each; Front Seats, Rs. 5 each, Orchestra Rs. 4 and Rs. 3; other seats Rs. 2, Rs. 1 and 8 Annas.

Mr. Balliwalla's photograph taken by Messrs. Gomes and Lawrie will be given as a souvenir of the occasion to the occupiers in the first two classes.

A picture of the "HOUSE" will be taken by flashlight by Messrs. BOURNE and SHEPHERD.

EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,
PICTURES OF PERFECTION.

THE CHIEF'S TALISMAN.

SAVED FROM CRIME.

FOOLSHEAD CHAUFFEUR.

MUSCLE DEVELOPMENT,

&c., &c., &c.

SATURDAY NEXT.
TWO GREAT PICTURES.
A DROP OF WATER.
IN THE GRIP OF ALCOHOL.
DON'T MISS THESE TWO PICTURES.

IN AID OF THE "GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY."

A BAZAAR
will be held in the
TOWN HALL.
ON SATURDAY OCTOBER, 7TH.

FANCY WORK, CHILDREN'S CLOTHES, etc.
BRAN PIE, XMAS TREE,
TEA AND REFRESHMENTS.
SPANISH DANCES, at 5 and 6 o'clock.

To conclude with a Farce entitled

"THIRTEEN" at 7-15 P.M.

ADMISSION 8 ANNAS.

THE VICTORIA BAND will be in attendance.
Open from 4-30 to 7-30 P.M.
Entrance As. 4.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS,

TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
APPLY EARLY TO

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.
WHOLESALE AGENTS
RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—MESSRS. BRANDON & CO., Victoria Terminus, and Messrs. DENISON & CO. Hummum Street, Fort.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *
* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000.
5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand*
If printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column,

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest, Annas 12 per tin, Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

AUSTIN MOTOR CAR.—The Car that has come to stay. It is a recognized public utility, and as indispensable as the Telephone or a Sewing Machine. Call and let us explain its merits. Lists free from the Sole Agents:—THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80. to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 per 1,000. 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER,—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 3/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

"THE EMPIRE,"—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK.
MARSHALLS BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY;

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 13 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 13 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 3 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 13 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.
A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE 1 ANNA.

To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Prikh Rs. 6.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
Sole Agents for
"GOLF" Brand
PILSENER BEER,
The Lightest Beeverage Obtainable
Retail from
Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
MESSRS. DENISON & CO.
HUMMUM ST., FORT.

MUSIC, MUSIC.

S. ROSE and Co., FORT, BOMBAY.

SONGS WORTH SINGING.

Two Songs { a Stars / b adoration }	Db Eb (Eb-F) F	Jos Adams,
Wilt thou be my Dearie	Eb F (F F) G ...	A. W. Marchant.
I call thee love as in a Dream	Ab Bb D-E) C ...	Seymour Ellis.
One and Twenty	Eb (Bb-Eb) G ...	J. Fraser.
The World is at Rest	F. G (D-E) Ab Bb	Daisy W. Gunn.
Two Songs { a tis not Inconstancy / b The Rainbow }	2 keys C Pastoral	Cooper.
Love's Atonement	Bb (F-F) C ...	Bothwell Thomson
Mignonette	Eb F (C-F)	Seymour Ellis
One Valse More	D. F.	Octave Cremiux
The Yachtsman's Bride	Bb (Bb D) C ...	Joscelyn Noel,
The Birth of a Rose	C. (C-E) Eb..	Harold Douglas,
Dreams of the Summer Night	High and low voice	C. B. Hawley.
Only a Flower	C.D (C-E) Eb ...	Seymour Ellis.
Give a man a Horse he can ride	G. A (D-F) B	Lambert.
There's Love in the Land	E. (C-F) F ...	Karoly Klay.
Life Short Tale	C. (A-E) D. ...	Ed. Lemare.
Only to Love you	Bb C (E-F) Eb..	Arthur Godfrey.
Czech Peasant Song	D. (A-D) ...	Percy Godfrey.
Good's Minstrel	Db Eb (Bb-F) ...	Ch. Marshall.
Primrose	C. Bb (D-F) F.... ...	Seymour Ellis.
Where Violets Grow	Bb C (D-D) Eb ...	Seymour Ellis.
For you alone	I b. Eb. F (D-G) G ...	Henry E. Geehe.
Rose of my Heart	C. (C-E) D ...	Howard Fisher.
Golden Broom Tne	(Bb-F) ...	Ch. Braun.
My Love Loves me to-day	Eb-F (C-F) G ...	Adela Verne.
The Star of Home	Bb C, (D-E) D, Eb ...	Alan Baird.
Bring me Red Roses	Eb. F (C-D) G, A. ...	Seymour Ellis,
For you alone	Db Eb (C-F) F. G.	Henry E Geehe.

(Sig Caruso's Great English Song.)

COMPLETE WITH WORDS AND MUSIC.
PRICE Rs. 1-4 EACH.

SACRED SONGS—

A Voice from Paradise	D. Eb (E-E) F	Seymour Ellis.
Sun of my Soul	C. D (F-D) F. ...	Jos. Adams.
My Kingdom	F. G (D-E) Ab ...	Jos. Adams.
The Nazarene	C. D (C-D) F. ...	Jos. Adams.
The Lord is my Shepherd	D. F...	Jos. Adams.
Thy will be done	C. Db (D-Eb) Eb	Francis Bohr.

PRICE Re. 1-4 EACH.

SEND FOR
S. ROSE & Co's.
COMPLETE LIST OF VOCAL MUSIC.

NEW MUSICAL COMEDY OPERAS.

The Count of Luxembourg ...	by	Lehar
Peggy	"	Leslie Stuart
The Quaker Girl	"	Lionel Monckton
The Balkan Princess	"	Paul Rubens
A Persian Princess	"	Sidney Jones
Fallen Fairies	"	Ed. German
The Girl in the Train ...	"	Leo Fall
The Dashing Little Duke ...	"	Seymour Hicks
Our Miss Gibbs	"	Caryll and Monckton
The Islander	"	P. M. Faraday
The Belle of Brittany ...	"	Howard Talbot

VOCAL SCORES (words and Music Complete) Rs. 4-8 each.
PIANO SCORES ... ... Rs. 2-10 each.
PIANO SELECTIONS ... Re. 1-4 each.

THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER Oscar Straass
VOCAL SCORE Rs. 6 PIANO SCORE Rs. 3-0
PIANO SELECTION Rs. 2
WALTZ and Lancers Re. 1-12 each.

POPULAR WALTZES—
BEING PLAYED EVERYWHERE.

Luxembourg Waltz	by	Franz Lehar
Miette	"	Ralph Raymond
Kiss of Spring	"	Walter Rolfe
Songe d'ete	"	T W Thurban
Valse Septembre	"	Felix Godin
Saints and Sinners	"	Gordon Dawson
The Druids Prayer	"	Do.
Sumurun	"	V Hollaender
The whirl of the waltz	"	Paul Lincke
Remembrance	"	Archibald Joyce
Aurora waltz	"	Julian Kandt
The Girl in the Train... ...	"	Leo Fall
Vision of Salome	"	Archibald Joyce
Gold and Silver	"	Lehar
Peggy Valse	"	Leslie Stuart
The Quaker Girl	"	Lionel Monckton

EACH WALTZ Re. 1-4.

TWO STEPS:—

Pas sur la Bouche	by	A Sablan
Amina	"	Paul Lincke
Bill Simmons...	"	G A Spink
The Sweeps Intermezzo ...	"	Paul A Rubens
Way-down in Colon Town ...	"	Max Hoffmann
The Cockney Band	"	Ang Valentino

ANNUALS FOR 1912 ARE IN STOCK and all New Music as published is obtainable from

S. ROSE & CO.
BOMBAY.

HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s.; double from 7s.; sitting and bed room from 10s.; suites from 21s.; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath. Post Office telephones in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund ... $ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund ... $ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	YOKOLO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months a term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... ,, 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... ,, 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Obanagchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tichling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 237,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD

Subscribed Capital ... Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital ... ,, 17,62,500
Reserve Fund ... ,, 5,75,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAMS DEACON'S BANK, Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,
HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.

BRANCHES:—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows:—For 1 year at 5 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods between October and May.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on the Presidency Towns, Karachi and Rangoon, also Currency Notes of these circles received free of Charge in Fixed Deposit, and Savings Bank Deposit, Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager

Standard Buildings Bombay, 31st December, 1910.

RUSSO ASIATIC BANK.

Capital (Fully Paid)	Rbls.	33,000,000 = say £3,690,000
Capital (subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Government) Kouping Taels ...	,,	3,500,000 = say £ 455,000
Reserve Fund ...	,,	19,500,000 = say £2,055,000
		£6,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ST. PETERSBURG.
LONDON OFFICE:—11, Threadneedle Street, E.C.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askhabad	Hankow	Paris
Baku	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokhara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchwang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other Branches throughout Russia and Siberia.

Current Accounts opened and Fixed Deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security and all description of Banking business transacted.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL ... £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND ... £1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ... £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bampeng	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Muallia
Bombay	Kedah Dall (Sumatra)	Oiba
Calcutta	Singapore	Honekong
Madras	Malacca	Canton,
Rangoon	Kuala Lumpur (F. M. S.	Foochow
Colombo	King (F. M. States,	Shanghai
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States,	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bangkok	Hankow
Penang	Batavia	Yokohama
Puket	Sourabaya	Kobe
Tampeng (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue, TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co. Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF 50 TONS DEHLI WHITE WHEAT.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co. will, on FRIDAY, the 6th day of October, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at the Godown of Shamji Shivji, Clive Road, opposite Victoria Dock, at 3 p. m. (S. T.), the following:—

By Order of Marwadi Gadmal Gomalmul, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Marwadi Falchand Matumal—

25 tons Dehli white wheat, about 250 bags.

On account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Marwadi Shivnarsen Baldeo—

25 tons Dehli white wheat, about 250 bags.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lots to the purchaser and the balance shall be paid next day, and the goods cleared at the expense of the purchaser.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 5th October, 1911.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises on MONDAY, the 9th Inst., at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.)

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 168-170, 172-176, 163, 169, 171-173, 175-177, 18-19, 63-65, 69-71, 120-122 517-519, 102-106, 817-823, Cave Nos. 474, 475, 482, 484, 485, 100-961, 152, 154, 317, 32, 163, 328. 1st Nowrojee Hill Road, Doongree Street, 2nd Nowrojee Hill Road and Jail Road East.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 5th October, 1911.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co
OCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
Opp. Government Telegraph Office,
7 Hornby Row, BOMBAY.
THE FIRST
AND
ONLY FIRM

Who Offer their constituents Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding Genuine English Registrable Diplomas.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,
Has TWENTY-ONE YEARS' experience in SIGHT TESTING RETINOSCOPICALLY.

WE HOLD

Highest Credentials from H. E. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bengal, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M. V. O., Lt.-Col. Foreman, R. A. M. C., P. M. O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M. D., I. M. S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.

STOCK:—LATEST and MOST PERFECT makes.
PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE

WE SEND YOU FREE
A SAMPLE COPY OF
INDUSTRY.

A monthly Journal Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical industries etc. etc.

New features, including illustrations, are added in the second year.

Royal Ed. Rs. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-3.
For Readers—
Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—
Absolutely sure medium.
Free sample copy and revised Adv. rates.
Please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY," Shambazar, Calcutta.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 9/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ltd.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ltd."

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Princes Street.
LONDON: 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed.....£21,000,000.

A BONUS

has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36-8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to

KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries.
KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.
ESTABLISHED 1825.

CLAIMS PAID	£ 28,590,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	12,750,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	1,525,000
BONUS DECLARED	8,170,000

A Reversionary Bonus at the rate of per cent (or Rs. 15 per Rs. 1,000 assured) annum, has been declared for the five ended 15th November, 1910.

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS at English Rates
CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES with return of premiums in the event of child's death.

For full information apply to

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ltd.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.
FUNDS OVER RS. 3,75,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

LONDON, Oct. 3.] [BOMBAY, Oct. 4.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pins.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	77 7-16	2-16	
3 do. Reales ...	94		unchgd
3 per cent. Sterling Loan...	92 3-4	1-2	
do. Govt. Securities...	63 5-8		1-16
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-4		unchgd
do. 2 months' hence...	24 3-8		unchgd
do. in New York ...	52 1-4		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris.	25 18	02	
do. at Berlin...	20-50		unchgd
do. at New York...	4-26		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight.	21st Sept 4		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight.	4		1-4
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-4		1-8
do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 5-8		unchgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2 3-8		unchgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-2		unchgd

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 31-32 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—China selling.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot ... Easier. Good business done.
Futures ... Steady.
East Indian ... .
Manchester ... Quiet with a limited enquiry.
Total Sales ... 14,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 1,160 „
Imports ... 11,000 „
Mid Americans ... 5·61—14
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 11-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec. Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·28	5·27	5·28	5·31	5·33
—11	—09	—03	—03	—09
Mar.-Apr.	April-May.	May-June.	June-July.	
5·35	5·37	5·40	5·40	
—09	—09	—9	—09	

New York Official noon call Dec. 10-01 March 9-93.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Dec. 9 80 March 10 01
Ellis' & Sons' White Shirtings B. 10-30 at Rs. 9-6 p.p.

NEW YORK— Bales.

Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 83,000
Receipts at „ „ Last year ... 80,000
Exports to Great Britain ... 13,000
Exports to Continent ... 9,000
Stock of Cotton— ... 10·23 unchgd
Futures—Month of Dec. 9·93 unchgd } Declined on unfavorable cables and advanced on bull support and short covering.
Futures—Month of March 9·98—01 }

NEW ORLEANS—

Middling Cotton ... 10—3-16
Futures month of Dec. ... 9·89 + 02
Futures month of March ... 10-09 + 01
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Easy.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Fine Bengal M. G. ... ... d 4 14-16
Good Bengal M. G. ... ... d 5
Fine Bengal M. G. ... ... d 5 2-16
Good Bhownagger ... ... d 5 4-16
Fine Bhownagger ... ... d 5 6-16
Fine Bhownagger ... ... d 5 8-16
Good Oomras M. G. ... ... d 5 5-16
F. G. Oomras M. G. ... ... d 5 7-16
Fine Oomras M. G. ... ... d 5 9-16
Good M. G. Oomras ... ... d 5 3-16
Fine M. G. Oomras ... ... d 5 7-16
Good Broach ... ... d 5 7-16
F. G. Broach ... ... d 5 3-32
Fine Broach ... ... d 5 12-16
Good Khandeish ... ... d 5 2-16
F. G. Khandeish... ... ... d 5 4-16
Good Tinnevelly... ... ... d 5 14-16

YARN.

Banner Mill Twist ... 10 1-4
George Magnall's Yarn ... 10

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ...38 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.
Tone—Dull.
Wheat afloat for U. K. ...2,150,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs ...37 1-2—1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Sellers. Quiet.
Barletta Russo 62 1-2lbs ... 38 unchgd
Jan.-Feb.—Sellers. Steady

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...38 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov—Sellers.

SEEDS.

LINSEED—
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... Nominal.
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports— ... .
Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 51 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 50 1-4 + 1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Firm.
LINSEED—
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...68 3-4 + 1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 14 1-8 + 1-4
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ...4 5 1-2—Oct.-Nov.—Done—Buyers Dull.
METALS—
Copper: Braziers ... £ 66 1-2
Yellow Metal ... d 6
Standard Copper G. M. B. ... £ 54 15-16
FREIGHT—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ...0 3 Value
SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 19-10 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.
Tone—Firm. High prices asked scarcely anything doing.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 18 9—Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ... Nov.-Dec.
Tone—Entirely neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...16 10—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...November.
Tone—Very few sellers. Closed quieter.
M A E & Similar Crystal C & F India ...21 10 1-2—Sellers.
Months of Shipment's ...March-Aug.
Tone—Firm. No business.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17-3—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Nov.
Tone—Quiet.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Nos. 16×18 C and F Calcutta ... .
Sept.-Nov.—16 4 1-2—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—13-3—Value.
Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Sept.-Nov.—16-6—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—13 4 1-2—Value.
White Java C&F Calcutta ... .
Sept.-Nov.—16 6—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—15 6—Value.
White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi ... .
Sept.-Nov.—16 7 1-2—Value.
July-Oct.—1912—15 7 1-2—Value.
General Tone—Nothing doing. Prices nominally unchanged in the absence of business.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.] [4th Oct. 1911.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
	Rs.		
15 Boxes Bullion.	11,25,000	Freemantle	National Bank
1 Box Rupees...	8,320	Hongkong	Eastern Bank
1 Parcel Silver..	54	London	Hongkong Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 2nd Oct., 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	43	54,276
B B and C I Railway ...	19	22,379

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. to 11-32d.
Do. do Francs	...171 1-4
Do. do Marks	...129 1-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...132 1-2
Shanghai „	...176
Japan „	...150 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

Ready...	Rs.	94 14	0
Forward	„	94 10	0

BULLION :—We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs	23 15	0
Australian „	„	23 15	0
Sovereigns „	„	15 0	0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	„	61 5	0
„ 1st Settlement ...	„	61 5	0
„ 2nd „ ...	„	61 8	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

To-day the rates fluctuated now and then and owing to this it was very difficult to put through any contract business. Exporters both for Europe and Japan are still out of the market and the local mills are the only buyers of ready cotton.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	285	March
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	„	238	Jan.
Fine M G Nagpur	„	231	„
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	„	272	„
Fine M G Khandeish ...	„	272	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	„	262	„
Fine M G Bengal	„	270	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	278	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	„	272	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	„	255	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	...	Firm.
Estimated Sales ...	...	12,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	8,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
5·35	5·34	5·35	5·38
+07	+07	+07	+07
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	Apl.-May.	May-June
5·40	5·42	5·43	5·46
+07	+07	+06	+06

June-July 5·46 +06

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is steadier. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	13 0	0 B.T.
Forward April May ...	„	11 12	0 R.T.

RAPESEED :—The market is strong. We Quote :—

Yellow Guzerat ready ...	Rs.	9 9	0 R.D.
Brown Etawah ready ...	„	8 6	0 „

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is steady.

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	57 12	0 R.T.
Yellow Hinganghat ...	„	62 8	0 „
Black Kutni ...	„	50 6	0 „

CASTORSEED :—Tone quiet, We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7 8	0 R.T.

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	27 2	0

POPPYSEED :—Tone quiet, We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	10 14	0 B.T.

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	7 14	0 B.T.

WHEAT :—The market quiet. We quote :—

White Pissi ready ...	Rs.	5 1	6 R.T.
„ „ Apr.-May...	Rs.	5 8	0 „

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	...	1,755
Bank of India	...	...	67
Eastern Bank	...	...	77
Indian Specie	...	...	51

MILLS.

David	...	...	370
Finlay Mills	...	...	270
Kohinoor	...	...	655
Manockji Petit	...	...	2,545
New Great Eastern ...	...	...	167 1-2
Standard	...	...	920

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton	...	...	142 1-2
New Borar	...	...	545
New Mofussil	...	...	850

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...			143 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...			173
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord....			292 1-2
Colaba Land and Mill			1,150
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...			16 3-4
Treacher and Co			510

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley 497 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton			631 bales
Wheat			16,499 cwts.
Linseed			854 „
Rapeseed			1,065 „
Gingellyseed			642 „
Poppyseed			295 „
Groundnuts...			148 „
Castorseed			873 „
Rice			3,841 „
Myrabollams			99 „
Cottonseed			8,845 „
Mowraseed			2,554 „
Gram			5,028 „
Joowar			7,064 „
Maize			633 „

CALCUTTA MARKET REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

The jute market opened firm to day, but buyers not being on evidence and sellers weakening their prices, declined.

In the gunny market there was still nothing doing in the heavy goods, but a sale of hessians was reported.

No business of importance was done in the share market and a similar state of affairs prevailed on the exchange. The Holidays are still affecting business all round.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine Dealers everywhere

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and Sas. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

GREEN—FOWLETT—September 21, at Chamba Church, Chamba State, Punjab, by the Rev J B King, Captain W G K Green, 36th Jacob's Horse, to Lilian, youngest daughter of the late Colonel P W Powlett, C B, C S I.

DEATH.

STANLEY-STANTON—September 29, at "Torrington," Nungumbaukum, Madras, Charley, the only son of Rowland and Ida Stanley-Stanton, and grand son of the late Walter Stanton, Architect, Chesterfield, 3 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Corporation, 3-40 p.m..
Baliwalla's Grand Benefit Night, Baliwalla Theatre, Tardeo, 9-30 p.m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, Star Attraction "John Manehot's Die". Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "No great business can be built up except upon honest and moral principles."—Henry Clews.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Persia," with the English mails of the 22nd instant, left Aden at 6 p.m. on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. to-morrow.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Arabia" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. on Saturday.

THE GOWALIA TANK FAIR.—The annual fair at the Gowalia Tank commences to-day and will continue for eight days.

BITTEN BY A SNAKE.—Tatia Mahadu, a coachman, aged 35, employed in the service of Mr. Cama of Pedder Road, was picking flowers on Tuesday, when he was bitten by a snake. He died yesterday.

SIR MANGALDAS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated in this dispensary during the month of September, was 495, of whom 432 were males and 63 females.

SETH GOCULDAS TEJPAL LAXMEE NARAYAN TEMPLE.—The 25th anniversary of this Temple will be celebrated with due ceremonies from to-day till to the 12th instant at Gowalia Tank. A fair will be held for a week. There will be performance of religious ceremonies to deities to-day, during day time and Harikirttan will be recited in the evening.

POONA A. D. C.—The Poona A. D. C. has lately staged at Poona with great success, the musical comedy "The Toreador" and there is a rumour that, if they can once again obtain the assistance of their Bombay brethren, and the permission of Mr. Maurice Bandmann to play the comedy in Bombay, it will be played there probably in the first week of November.—"Deccan Herald."

RABIES IN BOMBAY.—Mr. E. T. Lambert, the Coroner, held an inquest at the Morgue yesterday, on view of the body of a Hindu boy named Vitha Bapu, aged 11. It appeared that the deceased, who lived at Lady Jamsetji Road, Mahim, was bitten by a stray dog, and was treated by a medical practitioner. The wound healed up and the deceased appeared to be no worse for the accident. On Tuesday, however, he began to talk wild while asleep, and then ran about attacking anybody, who tried to approach him, and attempting to bite. He died shortly afterwards. A verdict of death from hydrophobia was recorded.

LOST PROPERTY.—The Police have umbrellas, field glasses, packet of lint and powder, labour cart badges, gold and brass bangles, coats, dhoti, blanket, sackcloth, brass chain, blouses, drawstrings, correspondence, hats and topies, novel, pillow cases and singlets, copper utensil and spoon, motor license, brass cover of wheel, railway pass, purses cash and stamps, horse's head collar, veil, money bag and cash, spectacles, carriage cushion, brass thalies, gold putlies, the ring and handkerchief, pearl, boots, lamp, dog, sutranji, Turkish coin and gold nose ornament now lying at the Head Police Office, awaiting claimants.

BAND AT VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Major A. P. D. C. Stuart and Officers, the Band of the 104th Wellesley's Rifles will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, Conductor, commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to 8 p.m. (S.T.) to day —

March .....Unter dem Freiheitsbanner...Nowrieski
Overture ...Hungarian.....Keler Bela
Selection ...Reminiscences of Scotland...Godfrey
Valse .....Septembre.....Godin
Caprice .....The Whistler and his dog ...Pryor
Selection ...Christm s Dreams .....Williams
Russian Dance.....Danse des Zauves .....Leslie
Cake Walk...Cotton Blossom's .....Hall

MR. BALLIWALLA'S BENEFIT.

The Veteran Indian Actor.

TO-NIGHT, the Parsi Victoria Theatrical Company, of which Mr. Balliwalla is the proprietor, gives a farewell performance, and will start on their Eastern tour "en route" to the Delhi Durbar. Mr. Balliwalla, who is probably one of the oldest actors on the Indian stage, is certainly amongst the most popular, and he has the unique honour of being the recipient of medals, cups, kharitas and costly presents from many leading Indian Chiefs. He has entertained theatre-goers in Cashmere, the Punjab, Bengal, Madras, Mysore, Sindh, the Nizam's Territory, Singapore, Java, Burma, and Ceylon, in addition to having visited Great Britain, where the performances of his company received cordial welcome. From a young actor, playing the dancing girl in the King's court, he has risen to be a comedian of great ability and after his visit to Europe, he introduced theatrical effects which were then novelties to the Indian stage, but which have been copied by other companies. At the close of this tour, he intends to retire from the stage, and the Bombay public have decided not to let him go until public recognition has been made of his ability. The performances to-night is, therefore, a "benefit" to Mr. Balliwalla. A large number of leading citizens, including the Judges of the High Court, other Civil and Military officials and Chiefs now in Bombay, have consented to extend their patronage and be present at the Grand Theatre, when "Delair Delsher," an Urdu adaptation of Robert Macaire, will be staged. Special Indian dances will be a feature of the entertainment.

THE semi-official Belgian journal, "Vingtieme Siecle" admits the imperfections of the Belgian preparations for defence, but pleads the insufficiency of the War Budget, and states that the Government have taken strong measures according to the means placed at their disposal. The newspaper points out incidentally that spies are allowed to inspect the glacis of the Meuse fortress without any interference. The King had recently an interview with Baron de Broqueville, Chief of the Cabinet, and General Hellebast, Minister of War, regarding the defences and the measures to be taken. Baron de Broqueville afterwards had a conference with the Officer in charge of the Antwerp defence works now under construction. These are making steady progress and are expected to be completed within a year

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

POWERS OF TRIBUNAL OF APPEAL.

High Court's Opinion.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar delivered judgment in an appeal from a decision of the tribunal of appeal who passed a decree for apportionment of Rs. 7,142, awarded as compensation by the Special Collector in respect of a house acquired by the Bombay Improvement Trust.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar, instructed by Mr. M. W. Pradhan, appeared for the appellant Pandurang Bhimaji. Mr. Rangnekar, Mr. T. A. Ghandy and Mr. Bhandarkar appeared for the respondents.

Mr. Justice Russell, in delivering the judgment of the Court, said that the facts so far as they were material for this judgment were that one Ganu had three sons, namely, Bhima, Gangaram and Narayan. Gangaram was the step-brother to Bhima and Narayan. The house in question was bought in 1869 for Rs. 700, the conveyance being in the name of Bhima, who was then about 19 years old and was working as a printer on Rs. 30 a month. Gangaram was about two years junior to Bhima and two years senior to Narayan; Narayan at the time of the purchase was about 15 years of age working in a liquor shop. The Tribunal of Appeal held that the purchase money must have come from the father Ganu, and they apportioned the balance of Rs. 5,017 after deducting the necessary charges between Gangaram and the descendants of Bhima and Narayan in three equal parts, respectively.

At the hearing, a question was raised whether this apportionment by the Tribunal of Appeal would oust the jurisdiction of the High Court in the matter. This point involved a consideration of the position of the Tribunal of Appeal in such cases. The Court of Tribunal of Appeal was appointed under section 48 clause (3) of the City of Bombay Improvement Act IV of 1898. In the Act there was no definition of the term "court." By section 47 of that Act, certain portions of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894 were made to apply to the acquisition of land under Bombay Act 4 of 1898. In section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, clause (d) "court" was defined as meaning a principal civil court of original jurisdiction, unless the local Government had appointed a special judicial officer within any specified local limits to perform the functions of the court under this Act. This clause expressly did not apply to the Bombay City Improvement Act. From this his Lordship inferred that a "special judicial officer" having been appointed by the Bombay Improvement Act, he was vested with the powers of "the court," under the Land Acquisition Act, that was, a principal court of civil jurisdiction. This much of the legislation was, in their Lordships' opinion, very much to be deprecated.

By Schedule "A" of the Bombay Improvement Trust Act, part 4 of the Land Acquisition Act which dealt with the apportionment of compensation did apply to the Bombay City Improvement Act. In consequence of the decision of Sir Lawrence Jenkins that the Tribunal of Appeal was not a court of justice and that the limited right of appeal under the Bombay Improvement Act did not come within either the extraordinary, original or appellate and revisional civil jurisdiction of the High Court Act 14 of 1904 was passed by the Governor-General in Council

It would of course be observed that this legislation did not get over the objection raised by Sir Lawrence Jenkins, but for the purposes of this case, it appeared to their Lordships that sufficient jurisdiction had been conferred upon the Bombay Tribunal of Appeal. Consequently this objection failed. But in their Lordships' opinion, it would be highly desirable that these claims to apportionment should be decided by the High Court, and not the Tribunal of Appeal, as it was obvious that very complicated questions might arise of law and fact upon which it would be more desirable to have the judgment of the High Court. The appeal must, accordingly, be heard further.

SWEEPERS' CONVICTION CONFIRMED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar disposed of the application for revision of an order made by the District Magistrate of Ahmedabad sentencing Dhana Balu and two other sweepers to one month's rigorous imprisonment each under circumstances already reported.

Mr. Lowji Wadia, instructed by Mr. G. B. Rele, appeared for the accused; the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

In course of the arguments, Mr. Wadia admitted that his clients had struck work, but his contentions were that they were not municipal servants within the meaning of the Act and that there was no regular trial by the District Magistrate, his clients having understood that they were placing their grievances before an executive officer.

Mr. Rao pointed out from the affidavits that the accused were municipal servants and the trial was held on the spot as it was deemed necessary to do so in the interests of the sanitation of the town.

Their Lordships confirmed the conviction and at first ordered that the accused should each pay a fine of Rs. 20, but as soon as it was brought to their notice that the accused had already undergone twenty days' imprisonment as the suspension of the sentence counted for the sentence undergone, they ordered that the accused should be released forthwith.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Dawar presided yesterday at a sitting of the Insolvency Court and disposed of among other the following matters :—

RE HEPTULLA ESUFALLI.

Mr. Kanga appeared for Mr. K. B. Mehta, Solicitor, and applied that his client's evidence be taken before his Lordship, and not before the Clerk of the Court as previously ordered.

Mr. Cohen, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormusji opposed the application.

After hearing the arguments and reading the affidavits, his Lordship cancelled the previous order and adjourned the matter till the return of the applicant's partner, Mr. Jehangir.

RE GANESHDAS PANALAL.

The Advocate General appeared to show cause and Mr. Bahadurji in support of the rule calling upon the Official Assignee to show cause why he should not be restrained from selling the Amritsar properties of the insolvents. The Hon'ble Mr. Strangman said that the rule was obtained by misstating the facts. The Official Assignee was not going to sell the properties but only the right, title and interest of the insolvents in those proper ties.

His Lordship discharged the rule and made the applicants pay the costs of the Official Assignee.

RE ISMAIL MAHOMED MEMON.

Mr. F. Sorabjee Taleyarkhan for the insolvent applied for this approval and sanction of the scheme for composition and for the annulment of the adjudication order.

Mr. Khan for the Orient Bank opposed.

His Lordship held that the scheme was for the benefit of the general body of the creditors and gave the necessary sanction.

RE JEHANGIR H. SHROFF AND ANOTHER.

On the application of Mr. Lang, the insolvents were given two months' extension of the interim order.

RE IBRAHIM SUMAR.

Mr Motiwalla for the insolvent, applied for and obtained a fortnight's provisional interim order.

RE HEPTULLA ESUFALI AND OTHERS.

His Lordship granted two months' extension of the interim order to the insolvents on the application of Mr. Khandalewalla.

RE VALABHDAS RANCHORDAS.

On the application of Mr. Thakore the insolvent was given two months' extension of the interim order.

RE GORDHANDAS WAGHJI.

Mr. Ardeshir Kapadia for the insolvent obtained two months' extension of the interim order.

RE MENOCHEKER SORABJI GANIBHIR AND ANOTHER.

Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan for the insolvents applied that the matter of the annulment of the adjudication order may be allowed to stand over.

His Lordship allowed one month's time.

DISCHARGES.

The following insolvents obtained their personal discharges :—Ramchandra Babaji More, Ghasu Ranu; J. Mendes and another; Nathu Bhana; C. P. Perreira, and Mangesh Shankar Sangiri.

BURGLARY IN AHMEDABAD.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar heard an appeal from a decision of Mr. A. F. Kindersley, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, who convicted Moti Tricum and another of theft and sentenced the first to seven years' and the second to three years' rigorous imprisonment.

Together with the appeal was heard the complainant's application for revision of the order, disposing of the stolen property.

Mr. Branson, instructed by Mr. R. R. Desai, appeared for the accused, the Government Pleader was for the Crown; Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Mr. Tricumlal R. Desai, was for the complainant.

The charge against the accused was that they rushed on the night of the 4th April last into the house of one Chimanlal Girdharlal, a mill agent, and robbed him of ornaments worth about Rs. 65,000. They were subsequently arrested at Baroda, when some portion of the stolen property was found with them. They had made confessions which were subsequently retracted.

Arguments in appeal are proceeding.

POLICE COURTS.

GANG OF SWINDLERS.

Exemplary Punishment.

YESTERDAY, at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Inspector Paterson charged Anandi Waman and two other Hindus respectively named Bhagoo and Tatia with cheating nine Marwaris in respect of a sum of Rs. 2,800 by pledging brass ornaments saying the same were gold,

The accused had a few gold ornaments and a set of duplicate in brass were made. In the morning they used to show the gold ornaments and after haggling for a time used to go away returning in the evening with the false ornaments and obtain money on the pledges.

The accused pleaded guilty and the Magistrate convicted and sentenced them as follows: The first accused to thirty months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 525 with the alternative of two years' further rigorous imprisonment. The second accused to thirty-three months' and fine of Rs. 925 with the alternative of twenty-seven months' further imprisonment; and the third accused to nine months' hard labour and a fine of Rs. 270 with the option of nine months' further imprisonment.

GIPSY'S PRANKS.

BEFORE Mr. Frank Oliveira, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Dave charged Surpi, a Wagri (Indian gipsy) woman, and Poonja, a Wagri with stealing a gold ornament from a child.

The complaint was that the accused dressed as Banias, went up to a Hindu woman, who was going along the Parel road on Tuesday afternoon, and the accused woman engaged her in conversation and removed the ornament from the neck of the child and passed it on to the second accused. A policeman, in plain clothes, noticed, arrested the accused who, on investigation, turned out to be Wagris.

The woman was fined Rs. 75, with the alternative of three months' rigorous imprisonment, while the second accused, who was a boy, of 12 years, was ordered to receive nine stripes.

THE DURBAR AND GOVERNMENT SERVANTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In 1907, when the Golden Jubilee of the assumption of the Government of India by the British Crown from the East India Company was celebrated, the Governor-General in Council was pleased to grant a week's pay to the Indian Regiments and to all Goverment servants drawing pay of Rs. fifty (Rs. 50) and less. In the same way the case of Government servants, whose lot is day by day becoming harder, owing to the increased prices of foodstuffs and high rents, and whose loyalty to the Crown is a guide to the masses at large, will, no doubt be specially considered on the unique occasion of the Delhi Durbar. It is a well-known practice in many commercial firms to grant a month's pay as bonus each year, when a dividend is declared. In Native States at every Jubilee celebration, large concessions are made to the people and to State servants; either a permanent increase or a month's salary is granted to each one of them. When crores are spent on the Durbar celebrations by the Indian Government a small boon to the hard-worked servants of a month's pay will be received with deep feelings of gratitude. It is hoped that instead of a week's pay, a month's salary would be graciously granted, at least to those who draw salaries below Rupees two hundred.—Yours, etc.,

GOVERNMENT SERVANT.

ARRESTED ENGLISHMAN.

How Mr. Bertram Stewart Passes the Time.

MR. Bertram Stewart, the London solicitor who was arrested some weeks ago at Bremen on a charge of espionage and conveyed to Leipzig, gives, in a letter to a friend, some details with reference to his arrest, the charge brought against him, and his mode of life in prison, says the "Morning Post."

Mr. Stewart confesses to having asked one or two questions of people he met, but declares that these were questions which might have been put by any traveller anxious to acquire information. He is confident that it is a case of mistaken identity, as his captors insist that he is connected with the Borkum case, of which he knows absolutely nothing beyond what he has read in the newspapers.

The German authorities told him that they had been waiting for him for the past three weeks, whereas Mr. Stewart did not know that he was going to Germany until twenty-four hours before he started.

At Bremen he was allowed to have books and papers as well as a daily visit from the English chaplain, these privileges being obtained through the efforts of Mr. Bruce, a friend of Mr. Stewart, who travelled to Germany on receiving news of the arrest. At Leipzig, however, these luxuries are not permitted. The prisoner is allowed to take exercise for half an hour daily in the prison yard; otherwise he is completely without occupation. He writes that he has whistled every tune he knows, walks round and round his cell, sings the National Anthem and "Three Cheers for Scotland," turns his face to the west, and so ends his day. He complains of the badness of the meat with which he is supplied; he has two poached eggs for supper and coffee and bread and butter for breakfast.

"CANCELLED FOR EVER."

Scathing Denunciation of Captain's Conduct.

THE court which inquired into the collision in the St. Lawrence river between the steamer "General Wolfe" and the steamer "Aranmore" has pronounced judgment. The "General Wolfe" founded.

Captain Hearne, of the "Aranmore" is reprimanded, and he is reminded that "it is owing to his previous unblemished record and commendable action following the collision that he is not more severely dealt with."

The judgment proceeds :—

Captain Young and First-officer Odilon Fortin (of the General Wolfe), who threw to the winds what has been the proverbial duty of seafaring men from time immemorial, to stand by their ships, are guilty, in the Court's opinion, of base cowardice, and their action in leaping to safety and leaving to perish, if needs be, those entrusted to their care, cannot be denounced too strongly. Captain Young and Odilon Fortin are in this Court's opinion, unworthy to be numbered among mariners whose bravery has ever been proverbial, and, therefore, they shall be struck from the list, the certificate of Captain Young and the certificate of Odilon Fortin being hereby cancelled for ever.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Persia," Oct. 6.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Persia," with the English mails of the 22nd ultimo, is expected to arrive in harbour to-morrow, brings the following passengers :—

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

McDonnell, Mrs W F
Jamieson, Mrs & Infit
Grieve, Miss
Duxbury, Mrs & Infit
Gingell, Mr & Mrs W C
Gingell, Mr H W
Robertson, Miss
Lindsay, Mr W H G
Perrie, Major, F W Mrs child and nurse
Gilmoor, Mr A W C
Lorimer, Miss V
Downing, Mr and Miss H J
Wells, Mr and Mrs G A
Hay Burgess, Mrs J, 2 infants and nurse
Walkins, Revd G Mrs child and infit
Gale, Mrs A C
Craig, Miss E
Burke, Roche, Miss G
Campbell, Mr D D H
Mrs Steels' maid (Miss Baker)
Erskine, Mr C
Steen, Capt E
Godwin, Mrs C A C, child and nurse
Collinson, Mrs W J
Finer, Miss E L
Calder-bank, Mrs F, 2 nurses
Street, Miss E
Capper, Mr
Hughes, Mr O
Bennetts, Mrs Graham infit and ayah
Gunn, Mrs and infit
Wiseman, Mr and Mrs F
Heath, Mr H L
Pardy, Mr P Mrs and infit
Molonay, Mr J E
Page, Mr J J A and Mrs
James, Miss E
Scowcroft, Mr
Hawkins, Mr R S
Liepmann, Miss M E
Scanders, Miss H M
Gunn, Miss
Smith, Miss A H
Highett, Miss V
Watson, Miss M
Jones, Mr E C
Parsons, Mr A H and Mrs
Sandys, Mrs 2 children
Ganage, Mrs K
Griffiths, Mrs
Stuart, Mr W
Heard, Mr N
Smith, Mrs D F
Carpenter, Mr J

MARSEILLES TO BOMB

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The P. & O. Co's. steamer Ceylon 2,633 tons, Captain A. G. A. Baker, will sail to-day for Shanghai via Colombo, with the same bottom and general cargo.

The steamer Rysbergen, 2,280 tons, Captain J. Burgen, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rotterdam with a general cargo and coal.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Kola, 570 tons, Captain J. R. Elton, will sail to-day for the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's. steamer Nurani, 2870 tons, Captain H. J. Crebbin, sailed on Wednesday for Calcutta via Coast Ports, with a general cargo.

The steamer Shirby, 2,172 tons, Captain R. R. Stone, sailed on Wednesday for Calcutta in Ballast.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co's. steamer Mohammadi, 1,251 tons, Captain A. Newby, will sail to-day for Jeddah, etc., with a general cargo and 652 Pilgrims.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Palitana, 1,933 tons, Captain J. G. Kilner, sailed on Wednesday for Busreh etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Sinclair, 3,290 tons, Captain D. S. Smith, will sail to-day for Calicut Cochin and Colombo, with the same bottom cargo.

The Bombay and H. S. N. Co's, steamer Saifi, 510 tons, Captain V. R. Morrin, will sail to-day for Jeddah via Aden, with a general cargo and 490 Pilgrims.

The steamer Gramsbergen, 3,157 tons, Captain H. K. de Goot, will sail to-day for Antwerp and Rotterdam, with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 3rd Oct. should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels	Commanders	From
4	Rysbergen	Burgen	Rotterdam
	Rewa	Kerr	Southampton

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
4	Toronto	Pickering ...	Hull
	Bacenfels	Sneglage	Hamburg
	Zuriehmoor	Stonehouse ...	Antwerp
	Nurani	Crebbin	Calcutta, &c
	Shirley	Stone	Calcutta
	Palitana	Kilmer	Basreh, &c.

The following vessels obtained their portclearances on Wednesday :—

Steamer Ceylon, Baker, for Shanghai.
" Mahommadi, Newby for Jeddah,
" Kola, Elton, for Basreh.
" Saifi, Morrison, for Jeddah.
" Clan Sinclair, Smith, for Calicut, &c
" Gramsbergen, de Goot, for Antwerp, &c.

The steamer Yarra, began to load on Wednesday for Noumea, &c.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels.	From.
2	Nadir	Bombay

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Lahore, arrived at Marseilles on the 2nd instant.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Maritim Co's steamer Ischia, from Bombay arrived at Hongkong yesterday.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCT. 4.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Circassia s—167 tons oil cake, The New Mofussil Co Ltd; 165 bales cotton waste, Kimjee Vishram and Co; 47 bales wool, Ebjee Sheewjee; 220 bales wool, N Khatau; 4 bales wool, N Gocaldass; 69 bales wool, S Gumberchand; 35 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 75 bales wool, K Kheraj; 9 bales wool, Mohandass Madangopal; 5 bales wool, M Chandratan; 19 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co; 67 bales wool, S Madanlal; 60 bales wool, B Tillockchand; 4,000 cwts oil cake, Glade and Co; 20,000 cwts cottonseed, 2,000 cwts mussoor, 5,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros: 51 bales wool, D Nagjee; 36 bales wool, D Sassoon and Co; 65 bales wool, D Koondamall; 7 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Circassia s—5 bales cotton twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—3 bales woollen carpets, T A Desai and Co; 50 cwts dry ginger, 46 cwts hiraducan, 50 cwts dry chillies, 24 cwts nutmeg, 35 cwts zedori, S Bhimjee; 21 cwts gum, 2 1-2 cwts, M O Pearl Shells A H Mawjee and Co; 25 cwts fishmaws, Ahmed Husein and Co; 8 cwts bonemeal, Croft Mody and Co; 407 bales hemp, M Nathubhoy and Co; 1,000 cwts [illegible], Ralli Bros; 76 bales goatskins [illegible] and [illegible]am and Co; 15 bales [illegible]atkins, V

FOR HULL.

[illegible]-5,071 cwts cotton seed, 500 cwts mowraseed, Ralli Bros; 1,476 cwts castor seed, 1,852 cwts cotton seed, L Pragjee; 2,100 cwts myrabollam, 1,125 cotton seed, A Khimjee; 3,000 cwts cotton seed, C Moorarjee; 40,000 cwts cotton seed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Circassia s—350 cwts cashewnuts, Nusserwanjee Bros and Co; 1,373 cwts mowraseed, Kilachand Devchand and Co; 62 cwts hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co; 8,660 cwts mowraseed, 4,500 cwts linseed, 8,540 cwts wheat Ralli Bros; 1,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Hakata Maru s—134 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co 50 Bales Twist David Sassoon and Co Ld; 25 cwts sharkfins, E Moledina.

Arcadia s—200 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR PHILLADELPHIA.

Circassia s—350 casks goatskins eurico, N Stein.

FOR DUNKIRK.

White Cross s—6,120 cwts linseed, 4,000 cwts rapeseed, Sanday and Co; 2,000 cwts poppyseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Beethoven s—6,500 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 75 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smidt and Co.

White Cross s—500 tons manganese ore, M Doogan; 4,000 cwts castorseed, Kilachand Devchand and Co; 1,000 cwts rapeseed, 13,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts barley, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRES.

White Cross s—1,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Queensborough s—6,000 cwts castorseed, 2,000 cwts mowraseed, Kilachand Deychand and Co; 10,000 cwts castorseed, 28,900 cwts mowraseed, Ralli Bros.

Beckbergen s—4,000 cwts linseed, H Vanechand and Co.

Culna s—13,000 cwts linseed, 4,000 cwts rapeseed, Kilachand Devchand and Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Beckbergen s—2,000 cwts poppyseed, Kilachand Devchand and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Hakata Maru s—50 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co Ld; 200 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 14 Bales twist M M Esabhoy.

Arcadia s—300 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Hakata Maru s—130 bales cotton, H Gocaldass and Co.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, deliciously perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 75, New Oxford-street, London, Established over 35 years.

INDIA AND THE DURBAR

SPECIAL FEATURE.

WILL SHORTLY APPEAR IN

The Bombay Gazette.

EIGHT ARTICLES

BY

Sir WILLIAM LEE-WARNER, K.C.S.I., etc.

Sir THOMAS H. HOLDICH, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., etc.

Sir J. D. REES, K.C.I.E., M.P., etc.

Sir CHARLES BRUCE, G.C.M.G., etc.

Col GEORGE H. TREVOR, C.S.I.

Major F. G. CARDEW.

A YEAR of unprecedented splendour will be appropriately closed by the coming Durbar at Delhi, when the Indian Empire, magnificent, fascinating, complex, will draw all eyes to itself as it welcomes its Sovereign. The interest will be at its height during the weeks immediately preceding the Durbar ceremonies, and these pictures of India as it is are all by writers of acknowledged eminence. Sir W. Lee-Warner, as a member of the Council of India, has made the Native States his special study; Sir Thomas Holdich has spent his life in the Indian military and frontier service; Sir J. D. Rees is the author of "The Real India," etc.; Sir Charles Bruce was Director of Public Instruction in Ceylon; Col. G. H. Trevor has held both military and civil appointments and is well known as a sportsman; and Major Cardew was attached to one of the most famous regiments in Indian history—Hodson's Horse.

INDIA'S ROMANTIC PAST; her peoples and their rulers, places of historical interest.

By SIR W. LEE-WARNER, K.C.S.I., etc.

DELHI, the scene of the Durbar; a city of great deeds.

By SIR W. LEE-WARNER, K.C.S.I., etc.

WHAT A DURBAR IS, (procedure, etc.)

By SIR T. H. HOLDICH, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., etc.

INTERESTING PERSONALITIES AT THE DURBAR: a procession of Princes; native rulers and the terms on which they hold their States.

By SIR J. D. REES, K.C.I.E., etc.

WHAT BRITAIN HAS DONE FOR INDIA and what India is worth to Britain.

By SIR T. H. HOLDICH, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., etc.

THE INDIAN ARMY; How the native regiments were raised. British soldiers in India.

By MAJOR CARDEW.

HOW INDIA IS GOVERNED; Calcutta and Simla, the Civil Service, etc., the new Council established under Lord Minto.

By SIR CHARLES BRUCE, G.C.M.G., etc.

SPORT IN INDIA; Tiger-hunting and Pig-sticking feats.

By COL. TREVOR, C.S.I., etc.

USEFUL BOOKS ON MUSICAL KNOWLEDGE

HINTS TO CANDIDATES for the L. R. A. M. ASSOC BD., and other Examinations in Pianoforte Playing, by Wilson Manhire, F. T. C. L., L. R. A. M., A. R. C. M.

As. 12.

FIRST PRINCIPLES OF MUSIC. The Candidates Manual for all Examinations, with notes on the writing of Music, Hints on Examination Preparation and the working of Examination Papers.

As. 12.

MODEL ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ON TOUCH.

For Candidates Preparing for Examinations in Pianoforte Playing.

As. 6.

THE MUSIC STUDENTS COPY BOOK Containing the necessary HINTS & EXAMPLES on the writing of musical notation for Private Study and all Examinations.

As. 12.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Thursday, 5th October 1911.

INDIAN AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

A VAST volume of Agricultural Statistics has this week issued from the office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence, which would have been of much greater value if the information it contains had been concisely summarised. Indeed, the same may be said of most of the gigantic productions of that office. As they appear however we are sometimes led to the belief that they may be regarded as so much waste paper and not worth the cost of printing. Government hopes to get two rupees eight annas—or three and ninepence, though the official rate of exchange is one and fourpence the rupee—but we doubt if there will be a demand for a single copy. However the figures are there for those who need them and for those who love to make abstruse calculations as to how many times round the world the wheat or rice grown in India will go, setting them down end to end. The calculation would be simple enough taking three barley corns to the inch. But it appears the Government of India requires the figures for its own use, and so long ago as 1866, on the recommendation of a specially appointed Statistical Committee, prescribed a set of tables for general adoption as appendices to the annual reports on general administration. Eighteen years later, at the instance of the Secretary of State some of the forms were re-considered and modified and then again, four years later a re-arrangement was made. This was in 1888; they were revised and re-cast in 1891, and from that time to the present little alteration has taken place. But it would almost seem that at least three hundred foolscap pages might advantageously be dispensed with, if not more, and the whole of the information neatly condensed without impairing the value of the document as a record of areas and yields. Anyhow by wading through the desert of figures we find that the area of India reported upon is 1,138,075,482 acres or 1,778,243 square miles with a population of 315 millions. Of this area 753,728,482 acres with a population of 268,420,769 are included in British Provinces and Native States under the control of the local Governments; 317,421,207 acres with a population of 44,711,510 in Native States under the control of the Government of India; 37,065,600 with 1,358,498 in Burma, not included under Provincial Governments, etc., and 29,859,840 with 438,016 in British Baluchistan, including administered areas.

Of this area 624,316,086 acres of British territory constitute the amount for which agricultural statistics are forthcoming, but almost three million acres must come off this amount as furnishing not wholly reliable returns. About two-thirds of the area are available for cultivation, 81,189,511 acres being under forests; and land absolutely barren or unculturable or covered by buildings, water and roads or otherwise appropriated to uses other than agriculture, amounts to 157,625,834 acres. Thus close on three hundred and eighty-three millions of acres are available for agriculture and of this area 223 million acres were actually cropped during 1909-10, the remainder being divided between current and non-current fallows. Over thirty-one million acres were cropped more than once in the year. Of the net area cropped 41,581,436 acres were under irrigation, and the returns show that of the total, 73,731,137 acres were under rice, 22,769,918 under wheat, 8,104,753 barley, 21,801,934 jowar, 16,303,400 bajra, 4,545,335 ragi, 6,857,925 maize, 13,153,400 gram, 31 396,536 other grains and pulse—a total of 203,664,338 under food-grains. In addition 2,442,033 acres were under sugar, 94,455 coffee, 525,729 tea, and 7,446,918 under other food-crops, including gardens and orchards and spices and condiments. Oilseeds occupied 14,625,048 acres, cotton 13,172,188, the area having increased from nine millions in the last ten years, jute 2,756,784, other fibres 824,668, indigo 295,706, opium 374,208, a falling off of about fifty per cent. on the past ten years, tobacco, 1,013,352, a considerable increase and 4,748,899 fodder crops.

Upon this last a vast animal population is dependent and the figures under the head are instructive. According to the returns bulls and bullocks number in round figures forty and a half millions, cows thirty-one and a half, buffalloes seventeen and a quarter millions, young stock thirty-six and a half, sheep twenty-three and a quarter, goats thirty and a half, horses and ponies one million and a half, mules a hundred and thirteen thousand, donkeys a million and a half, and camels half a million. Labour animals have to pull nineteen and a half million ploughs and five and a half million carts. The number of people who earn their living purely by agriculture, and the number each class of crop maintains, are not given, and if we wish to ascertain the variations in prices we have to the turn to yet another volume which is even less lucid than the first. It contains a series of charts and a series of index numbers. The variations in prices are obtained by expressing the price of each article in each year as a percentage of the price of that article for the base year 1873, which is represented as 100. From these we find that prices generally have risen all round with some minor exceptions which we have not space to specify. General prices stand at 122, the food-grains at 168, imported articles at 109, exported and consumed 127 while the general index for the whole of the selected articles is at 122.

BARODA'S FREE LIBRARIES. THE Gaekwar of Baroda appears to be a fervent disciple of Mr. Carnegie. At least on a smaller scale his Government displays the same enthusiasm and the same activity for establishing free libraries and reading-rooms in the small towns and villages of his State. At Home, it is a very moot point whether free libraries are really such agencies for good as their generous distributor evidently believes. But amongst the agricultural classes of India it cannot be doubted that something of the kind in a small way must be provided, if the people are to benefit to any degree from rural education. The Indian ryot has so little of this world's goods with which to bless himself, that he has no money to spare wherewith to purchase books, and it is not much use to teach him to read unless when his school-days are over, he is provided with something to read also. That such provision is appreciated by the people is shown by the experience of the Baroda Government. Already 241 free libraries have been established in the State, and such is the demand for more that it has been found necessary to issue a set of rules under which applications are to be made and will be considered. In the past the Panchayats or local boards of the State have made generous contributions towards the cost of establishing such institutions, and it is with their co-operation and that of the State Treasury that the people are now encouraged to build libraries. Wherever the villagers in any one village can raise Rs. 50 annually for the support of a library, it is provided that the Panchayat of the Prant, if its funds will permit, shall give Rs. 50 annually also, and a similar contribution will be made by the Central Library Department. Where a less sum than Rs. 50 is raised, the contributions of the panchayat and the Department will be proportionately reduced. As the same time in towns of over 4,000 inhabitants and in the headquarters of a Prant, annual grants of Rs. 300 and Rs, 700 respectively will be made by the Municipality or the Prant Panchayat and also by the Central Department provided that similar sums are raised by the people. As to the provision of books, in return for a village contribution of Rs. 25, the Department will present them with vernacular books to the value of Rs. 109. The municipal and prant libraries are to be under the control of librarians and for the sake of co-ordinated organisation the village libraries besides being immediately under the supervision of a village committee will also be under the control of a town or prant library in their neighbourhood, all of course being finally under the control of the Director of State Libraries and his Central Library Department. It seems to be a thorough and well-considered scheme, and will we are sure do much to extend the good work which has already been done in this direction in Baroda.

AN EXTRAORDINARY TRIAL. A remarkable case, which will doubtless attract world-wide attention, is being heard in the courts of Florida. It involves the oft-discussed question whether a person, who is suffering the agonies of an incurable disease may be killed as an alternative to a lingering death. There is no doubt from what point of view the circumstances of this case will be regarded by the average man or woman—that can only be one of sympathy with the accused, whether their action be considered morally to be defensible or indefensible—but the view which the Floridan court will eventually take of the question will be watched with the greatest interest. All the parties principally concerned in the case belong to a sect known popularly as the "Shakers," but the official title of which is the "United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearing." They seem to be a sect with a high reputation for gentleness and good works, and locally the trial is regarded with the more astonishment, as this is the first time for many years that a member of this community has been called upon to answer a criminal charge. The two persons charged are Brother Gillette and Sister Sears, both of whom have confessed to killing a sister, named Marchant, by giving her two ounces of chloroform at her request. Sister Marchant had long suffered from consumption, which for weeks before her death became agonising. She frequently urged Gillette and Sears, who attended her, to relieve her sufferings by administering an anæsthetic. They persistently refused until August 20th last, when she was seized with chills and a bad attack of hæmorrhage and was in dreadful agony. Gillette and Sears watched her in this state for two days, and could not bear to see her suffering any longer. On August 22nd, therefore, after prayers had been offered, chloroform was administered, and Marchant died. The news was some time in reaching the authorities, but when the police began investigation Gillette and Sears immediately confessed. They are at present at liberty on bail, and it is, of course, improbable that any severe penalty will be inflicted on them. The popular wish is that they should be acquitted and in an American court where emotional considerations often are given great weight this may be possible. Apart from religious argument, there seems little ground for condemning the action of the prisoners in this instance, as there appears to to be no doubt that the dead woman was in the last stage of consumption. Doctors, who are probably best qualified to speak on the subject, however, condemn the general legalisation of such a practice on the ground that it is frequently so difficult to tell whether all hope of a patient's recovery has ceased.

A MODERN BATTLE-FIELD. WITH war in actual progress between Italy and Turkey, and with the many rumours of war in which the greater Powers would be engaged, which have been so much in the air, additional interest is lent to a recent volume by an expert of the German Army, which discusses the probable dimensions which would be assumed by a modern battle-field. To the ordinary man, who has never considered the extent to which modern military operations on a large scale would be likely to attain, the conclusions which are drawn appear astounding. The author, General Falkenhausen, discusses the theoretical case of an army of 1,380,000 men engaged in battle with a rival force of approximately the same number, and he says that the operations would extend over an area fully 200 miles from side to side, and not less than 150 miles deep—that is, from the rear of one army to the rear of the enemy. But an army of one million and a quarter soldiers would be a comparatively small one in up-to-date warfare, for forces of this numerical strength took the field so long ago as the Franco-German campaign in 1870, since when marvellous developments in military matters have ensued. In a struggle between two great European military powers, it is quite possible, and, indeed, probable, that each of the opposing forces would number something like three million troops, for Germany, France, Russia, and Austria-Hungary are all capable of sending such armies to the front without touching their respective last lines of reserves. If two such mighty armies were engaged in battle the field of their operations would probably extend quite 500 miles from side to side, while the distance from the rear of the one force to the rear of the other could hardly be less than 300 miles. Thus the battlefield would have an area of 150,000 square miles. When Frederick the Great fought his battles in the eighteenth century, the field of operations never extended more than four miles from side to side, and in the Russo-Japanese war when, owing to the great distance from the respective bases, there were never more than three or four hundred thousand troops simultaneously in action, the battlefields remained limited in extent. One is compelled to ask whether even with all the modern facilities for communication at his command, the modern general will prove equal to the task of controlling operations on such an enormous scale.

HIS Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught has appointed Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice of Bengal, to be the District Grand Master of the Bengal District Grand Lodge in place of Sir John Stanley, Kt., K.C., resigned.

IT is reported that the Amir of Kabul intends to pay a visit to Ghazni this month,

---

THE Nawab of Amb, in the Hazara District, has just given a donation of one lakh of rupees to the projected Islamia College at Peshawar.

THE Maharaja of Kapurthala's present visit to Mysore is strictly private. He is witnessing the Dassera functions at the Palace quietly. The party visited the Zoological Gardens and the Exhibition.

THE twenty-seven-knot destroyer "Ardent", which recently returned to Sheerness from fifteen years' service in the Mediterranean, is to be sold from the Navy on the 10th instant.

THE launch of the second-class protected cruiser "Chatham," building at the Chatham Dockyard is expected to take place early in November. There has been no public launch at Chatham since that of the battleship "Africa," more than six years ago.

IT is understood that Colonel P. J. Gordon, Survey of India Department, is the officer selected to attend the International Congress of Geography at Rome arranged for this month. It remains to be seen whether the Congress will be held now that Italy is at war with Turkey.

ON account of the incompetence shown by the Constantinople Municipality in dealing with the cholera epidemic, the Governor, Hussein Kiazim Bey, urged the Government to dissolve the Municipal Councils and to order fresh elections. The Ministers decided that the Governor had no right to demand a general dissolution of the Council because of the misconduct of individual Councilors, and in consequence of this decision the Governor resigned his office.

THE total gold output of the Transvaal during August amounted to 632,415 ozs for the Witwatersrand District, value £2,893,673,; 31,002 ozs. for the outside districts, value £3,131,687,; 713,407 ozs. of fine gold; total value, £3,030,360; being an increase of 4,149 ozs. in weight and £17,622 in value, as compared with the month of July, and constituting the largest output on record.

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

Herr Bebel's Warning.

BERLIN, SEPT. 15.

IS the forefront of the news on the Morocco question stands the speech delivered by Herr August Bebel at the Socialist conference at Jena. It is now a rare event for the veteran leader of the "Reds" to be heard from a public platform, and two or three years have passed since he last spoke at any length in the Reichstag. Consequently his words, which were always listened to with enthusiasm by his followers and with respect by his opponents, have, in addition to their intrinsic merits, what economists would call a scarcity value.

In his speech Herr Babel denounced the Imperial policy with regard to Morocco, at the same time, with characteristic impartiality, dealing out blows to Great Britain and France and then, in an eloquent peroration, painted for his countrymen a vivid and terrifying picture of the horrors which a European war would bring upon them. His exordium was a general indictment of the civilised world. The colonial policy of all nations, he declared, was from beginning to end tainted with crime and sullied with blood. Whether it was Catholic France or Protestant England or Germany herself, the record was in each case the same. He did not deny that Morocco was one of those countries which was capable of great development under reasonable administration. If action were taken with suitable and proper methods, against which even they had no objections to raise, the commerce of Morocco might be enormously enhanced. Some advantages would result for Germany and her trade.

Here he wished to postulate that the Socialists who opposed, and were bound to oppose, the Morocco policy of the Government had a natural desire that Germany's trade and Germany's industry should develop in Morocco under the same conditions as those of any other State, and that they were in every respect in favour of German interests enjoying rights in Morocco equal to those of France. Nobody should be privileged, and nobody placed under disadvantages.

The speaker then entered upon a review of Germany's whole Morocco policy, culminating in an onslaught on the Pan-Germans for their plans of occupation, which, he implied, had originally also been those of Herr von Kiderlen-Wachter. He expressed the opinion that Bismarck would never have made so stupid a move as the despatch of the Panther to Agadir. War would have been the inevitable consequence of an attempt by the Germans to get a foothold there. He was convinced that the change in the Morocco policy had been due to the return of the Emperor from his Norwegian cruise. The English Government had given the Pan-Germans the upper hand by the speeches of its Ministers. It was bound to take up the stand-point it adopted, but there was no need for it to act as clumsily as it had done. What it issued was tantamount to a formal ultimatum to Germany. Mr. Lloyd George, who had hitherto blown the pipe of peace, made his well-known speech, and it was no wonder that the war party gained adherents among the people.

FINANCIAL UNEASINESS.

The speaker then criticised sharply the silence which the Government had maintained with respect to the negotiations, and which he said had caused great uneasiness among the banks and in the entire business world. The director of the Deutsche Bank had sought out the Chancellor and told him that the matter was becoming dangerous and an end must be put to the uncertainty. Herr Gwinner would also have told the Chancellor that if the public withdrew its deposits from the banks it would be impossible to pay for war.

As to the attitude of the party in the case of hostilities, Herr Bebel referred to the resolution of the International Socialist Conference at Stuttgart as authoritative. The great difference between this resolution and the demands of the French Socialist was, he said, that it left every nation free to act as it thought proper, and as was possible under the circumstances. He continued: People who hold long debates as to what they intend to do in case of an outbreak of war have no clear ideas of the significance of this matter. What will the situation be in the case of war? Revolution would be called forth in all our social relationships. Millions of workmen would be called away from their families, who would have nothing to eat and to live upon. Hundreds of thousands of small manufacturers would be rendered bankrupt through lack of means to carry on their business. Stocks and shares would sustain a fall, of which we have just experienced a very slight foretaste, and through which tens of thousands of families in comfortable circumstances would be reduced to beggary. The enormous export trade with the outside world would be interrupted, innumerable factories and industrial undertakings would stand still, the loss of work and wages would assert themselves in every quarter. The import of food stuffs would cease completely, prices would reach an unattainable height, and that would mean an actual general famine.

"What do you think would be the result of a situation like that? The masses would not discuss a general strike; they would merely cry for work and bread. (Loud and prolonged cheers.) But no one could give them work and bread outside the few industries which are interested in war. The treasuries of the trade unions would be emptied in a few days. The State and the municipalities would not be able to help the workmen. All support from public means would be lacking. And every day of mobilisation costs from 45,000,000 to 50,000,000 marks. From thirteen to fifteen hundred million marks would be used up in a month. Just picture to yourselves the progress that has been made in the technique of weapons. After the manœuvres in Alsace-Lorraine Field-Marshal Count Haeseler once said: "The manœuvres were very fine, but what I ask is what we should have done with the corpses and wounded, if it had been in earnest"

"MONSTROUS MISERY."

"You can form no idea of the temper that would then be generated among the people. In 1904 I said to the Chancellor, Count Bulow: "Do you know what would happen if war were to come? The existence of our present social structure would be at stake." And that indeed, is how things are. The Chancellor would bear the responsibility for the monstrous misery and unforseeable consequences of war.

"And how could the means be raised? In 1878 Bismarck demanded 120,000,000 thalers from the Reichstag. The loan was offered at 88 per cent., with 5 per cent. interest. The result was that of the 120,000,000 only 68,000,000 were subscribed. France, on the other hand demanded 700,000,000 francs from her Chamber, and this sum was paid to the last centime by the banks and cash boxes. Now we should need at least 1,500,000,000 marks. We have, it is true, got a little heap of gold in the Julius Tower, 120,000,000 marks which would suffice for exactly three days. Of course, the note-presses would be set to work.

"I experienced war between Austria and Italy in 1859. When in my patriotism I wanted to march to the Rhine my guardian gave me six thalers for the journey from Salzburge. When peace was established I turned my six thalers into Austrian paper money and I was delighted at getting ten thalers for it. I rejoiced when I saw the fear of those who are now rushing to the saving banks. That is good for you people up above. (Loud cheers.) How many are there who witnessed the war of 1870, as men capable of forming a judgment? How carefully Bismarck avoided a second collision with France, and did everything in his power to prevent another war. Many speak lightly of war with France, and think we should very quickly settle with her. But competent military men have told me that in no case should we dispose of France as quickly as in 1870. Of all we then had to bear nothing is to be found in the history books. Of the misery and privation, and the unemployment of the terrible winter of 1871, the history books say not a single word. But what would be awaiting us in a new war would be infinitely greater and more crushing, and in no respect comparable with what 1870 was."

This speech was greeted with a prolonged tumult of applause, and the motion which it introduced was carried unanimously, the amendments proposed to it being rejected without debate. It is noteworthy, however, that the resolution was aimed not at the Government, but at those persons and papers who have been trifling with the idea of war.

THE PANIC ON THE BOURSE.

Transitory, as the panic on the Bourse has been, it has undoubtedly left grave reflections behind it. Both politicians and business people cannot conceal from themselves the fact that if a scare like that of Saturday were prolonged it might easily result in a financial calamity of the most dangerous character. It is admitted that if the run on the savings banks, such as occurred at Konigsberg, were to become general, these institutions would be unable to meet the demands upon them, and, in view of their number, assistance from the outside would be impossible. The experience of the last few days has shown that such an epidemic of panic is by no means out of the question, and it is precisely the small savers who are least amenable to reason or argument when once they have been thrown off their balance. It is no doubt with the object of preventing a recurrence of last week's nervousness that the Foreign Office has supplied certain of its faithful allies in the Press with statements radiating optimism with respect to the Morocco negotiations. These communications are specially interesting as having been issued after an audience of two hours' duration which Herr von Kiderlen—Wachter had of the Emperor at Potsdam yesterday, before the departure of his Majesty for the manœuvres.

There can be little doubt that, future negotiations regarding the Morocco question will be largely affected by the recent serious decline in prices. The opinion is held that the pressure exercised on the German Government by Berlin financiers is real, and is by no means likely to prove ineffective. The extreme nervousness which has been noticeable, and which has evoked rebuke in a section of the Press, must prove disconcerting to a Government which pointed with pride to the dignified calm of the entire nation in this hour of crisis, and Saturday's lesson, it is believed, will be taken seriously to heart. The most disquieting feature has been the fall in the price of German Bank shares, due to the peculiar position occupied by these financial institutions. It is probably not realised outside Germany how important a part German banks play in the industrial life of the nation. Whereas in England loans, as a general rule, are granted against collater security only, in Germany such security is by no means always necessary for the negotiation of a loan. Provided a client can point to a genuine commercial undertaking, carried on on sound principles, the banks are ready to finance him for a consideration which is by no means onerous. All that is required is that he furnish a periodical statement of affairs, which the bank verifies. For the rest, his custom and the rate of interest he pays are the bank's remuneration. Not only has this arrangement proved of inestimable value to the nation as a whole, largely colouring its commercial history, it has been very profitable to the banks themselves. In fact, they were at all times so well able to make use of money that they themselves became attractive borrowers, and funds were freely deposited with them both at home and abroad. Owing, however, to the present political uncertainty, foreign deposits have been largely withdrawn, and the trouble has been aggravated by the run on several banks by ordinary depositors. A depreciation in the price of bank shares has followed as a matter of course, though this is as nothing compared with what would happen if the banks were, as a result of such withdrawals, constrained to call in loans from those whom they have hitherto financed.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

German Socialists had every reason to congratulate one another at their annual conference which opened the other day at Jena. With an increase of 116,000 in their membership, raising the total to 836,000, the past year has been the most successful in their history. There are now five Reichstag divisions, three in Berlin and the neighbourhood, one in Leipzig, and one in Hamburg, each of which they have 20,000 members promoting their cause. Their income last year was £67,000, a sum which is the envy of every other party in the State. During the twelve months they held over 13,000 public meetings, and distributed 33,500,000 leaflets and nearly 3,000,000 pamphlets. Their Press includes eighty-one daily papers, of which the "Vorwarts," alone yielded a profit of £8,000. They have a comic illustrated weekly with a circulation of 307,000 copies.

AIRSHIP OVER BERLIN.

For the second time a Zeppelin airship has been seen cruising about and above Berlin. It was the Schwaben, which had been sent up from Baden, breaking the journey at Gotha, where there is a garage large enough to hold it. It was to have remained an indefinite number of days at Potsdam, moored in the open. The object of the visit was understood to be to revive the flagging interest and confidence of North Germany and the capital in Count Zeppelin's venture. As has already so frequently happened, however, what was intended to be a demonstration of the qualities of an airship turned into the precisely opposite, for on the issue of a forecast of unsettled weather it was decided to beat a hasty retreat for the nearest shelter. Accordingly the Schwaben was got under way at a quarter to three in the morning, and having the wind at her back reached the hanger at Gotha at half-past seven.

PERILS OF THE AIR.

Raimund Eyring, who a fortnight ago was soaring high above the Tempelhof field during a review of the Prussian Guard by the Emperor William has met his death on the Weil racecourse near Stuttgart. As darkness was setting in, he ascended to try a biplane, in which he was to have taken part in the Swabian aviation contest. Before he left the ground his apparatus struck against a stake which had inadvertently been left standing, and was so badly damaged that one side of the upper plane was loosened, and fell down. The pilot appeared to be unaware of this, for he continued on his course and rose into the air. The spectators trembled for the unsuspecting aviator, and his colleagues, Jeannin and Wienczierz, exerted themselves to attract his attention and induce him to land. Their signals, however, passed unheeded. The machine was, of course, flying erratically, and presently Eyring, to avoid the tops of a group of trees, was obliged to give a sudden tug at the vertical rudder. The effect of this was to fling the apparatus over backwards, and it fell like a stone to the ground. The unfortunate aviator was found lying in a ditch with a fractured skull, and soon afterwards succumbed.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna, Chairman of the Committee, presiding.

PUBLIC BAND PERFORMANCES.

The Committee considered a letter from the Commissioner regarding the Band performances for the season fixing the days for such performances in the Victoria Gardens, at the Esplanade Band Stand and at Chowpatty. The letter has already been published.

The Committee resolved to forward the letter to the Corporation for orders as to the proposed changes in the days of performances, and for sanction to the grant to meet the charges at the Chowpatty Band Stand.

The Committee considered a letter it received from one Homi M. Maluna, suggesting that as the Municipality spent thousands of rupees on printing every year, the question whether the Municipality should not have a press of its own might be considered.

The Chairman remarked that they did not know who this Homi M. Maluna was.

The letter was forwarded to the Corporation with the recommendation that the same be recorded.

THE DRINKING WATER.

Dr. Sukhia had given notice to move the following proposition: "That the attention of the Commissioner be drawn to the statements made in the Executive Health Officer's report accompanying his letter dated the 4th September, 1911, to the effect that a water showing the presence of albuminoid ammonia to the extent of '011 per 100,000 would, according to Professor Kenwood's standard, "warrant suspicion of organic (which may either mean vegetable or animal) contamination," and to the Analytical and Bacteriological Reports made by the Municipal Analyst on the the Bombay Water Supplies for the month of August, 1911, and previous months which show besides the continued presence of B. Coli, (the chief criterion of the presence of "animal" contamination) the presence of albuminoid ammonia in the lake waters,—both filtered as well as unfiltered,—supplied to the City as being "fit for potable purposes" to a much greater and most serious extent that the amounts mentioned in the other report, and he be requested to state whether the standard hitherto adopted for the examination of well waters in the City should not be modified in the light of these figures and discrepancies."

The Commissioner observed that no case had been made out by Dr. Sukhia to support his theory.

The proposition was not seconded and therefore it fell to the ground.

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

BRITISH PROCLAMATION OF NEUTRALITY.

Turkey will not Consider Compensation.

TWO MOTOR-BARGES SUNK IN THE RED SEA.

BOMBARDMENT OF TRIPOLI.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 3.

A proclamation of neutrality in the Turco-Italian conflict has been published in the *Gazette*.

MILAN, Oct. 3.

The Admiralty does not believe that the whole Turkish fleet has reached the Dardanelles, and understands that it divided at Samos, where it sailed in different directions.

The Italian Admiral has posted a strong line of ships from Greece to the African coast to prevent Turkish warships from approaching Tripoli.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Enver Bey, the leader of the Turkish revolution, is going to the hinterland of Tripoli, via Egypt, to stir up a guerilla war.

The Turkish Embassy in London says that Turkey will never consider monetary compensation.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The sole war news to-day consists of a Turkish report that an Italian warship sank two motor-barges off Hodeidah, and chased a destroyer in the Red Sea. The destroyer, however, escaped.

A report comes from Corfu that the Duca d'Abruzzi has demanded of the Vali that Prevesa shall surrender the warships in the harbour; otherwise he will bombard the town.

There is no news from Tripoli beyond a report from Admiral Faravelli, published in Rome, stating that he had given the Turkish Commander a respite till noon yesterday.

Meanwhile, the Powers are apparently still busy with advice to Turkey.

The Austrian Ambassador had a long interview with the Grand Vizier yesterday. The Italian Ambassador will confer with the Grand Vizier to-day.

It was officially announced in Rome yesterday evening, that while preparations for the fitting out of transports were proceeding most actively, the departure of the expeditionary force would be delayed until an undisturbed passage across the Mediterranean was assured.

Speeches of British Ministers.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Mr. McKenna, speaking at Griffithstown, said that the whole interest of the world was concerned in the restoration of peace. There was not a Foreign Office in Europe, which did not hope that a satisfactory settlement would be arranged before, instead of after, a wholesale sacrifice of life had taken place.

Mr. Winston Churchill, speaking at Dundee, said that the aspect of Europe was harsher, and more terrible than it had been for years. The present was an anxious and critical time, but it would have been more anxious and more critical if the British Navy had not been strong enough to secure the undoubted command of the sea. The Turco-Italian conflict had passed to a stage where words were, unfortunately, useless. As regarded Morocco, Britain wished to see a settlement, which would end the Moroccan question for ever, and enable France and Germany to live together on terms of mutual respect, as the only sure foundation for the peace of Europe.

Bombardment of Tripoli.

ROME, Oct 4.

Vice-Admiral Faravelli telegraphs that he bombarded Tripoli forts from 3-30 in the afternoon until sunset, yesterday. The land batteries replied, though without effect. The greatest care was taken not to damage the town. He resumes bombardment to-day.

The Consul General for Turkey in Bombay writes to us as follows:—"I, Consul General for Turkey at Bombay beg to acknowledge with warmest thanks the sympathy shown towards our country by the notables, by the journalists and all the faithful Mahomedan subjects of His Britannic Majesty, and also the voluntary offer of British Officers to serve in our ranks."

ITALIAN CONSUL INTERVIEWED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

Dr. Guiseppe Gmeiner, the Italian Consul in Calcutta, in a interview with a "Statesman" representative, explaining the case for Italy in the present conflict with Turkey, said that Italy's right to Tripoli came from ancient times and that an active current of trade had been going on between the two countries for a great many years, while during the last forty years the importance of the Italian colony and trade had grown very largely. Italy had for years patiently borne the misconduct of Turkey. The lives of the Italian subjects had been sacrificed and the crimes remained unpunished by the Turkish Authorities. All the Italian interests of the Colony had been vexed by the rapacity of the Turkish Vali and Italy could not do less than she had done, for agreements for compensation with a government like Turkey were always untrustworthy.

There is considerable excitement over the Italian war in Calcutta among Moslems. They are anxious to get the latest news and it is proposed to issue Reuter's messages on the subject as soon as they are out in Calcutta in the vernacular for Moslem readers. Indignation meetings are being held in both East Bengals praying to the Almighty to save Islam's prestige.

The Coronation medals issued to the London police are of silver. Those awarded at the previous coronation, the Diamond Jubilee, and Jubilee were of bronza.

MONARCHIST RAID IN PORTUGAL.

Complete Failure of the Rebellion.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 3.

Owing to the censorship, there is no further news of the Monarchist raid in Portugal, except for an official statement declaring that the rebellion has failed completely, and that most of the conspirators have been arrested.

It is stated that the Government intends to take severe action with regard to the rebellion.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Portuguese Royalists in London say that North Portugal, except Oporto, is practically in the hands of the Monarchists, who have occupied Chaves, Guimarães, Barra and Barranca.

On the contrary, telegrams from Lisbon state that all is quiet on the northern frontier.

[His Excellency the Governor-General of Portuguese India communicates to the Consulate General for Portugal the following telegram received yesterday from Lisbon:—"Governor-Goa: Rumours from Madrid without foundation, absolute tranquility, Minister for Colonies."

VICTIMS OF FRENCH NAVAL DISASTER.

Impressive Funeral Ceremony.

TOULON, Oct. 3.

The funeral of the victims of the "Liberte" took place to-day in the presence of President Fallieres, the Cabinet Ministers, and Admiral Sir Edmund Poe, and the officers of H. M. battleship "Exmouth", representing Great Britain.

The 168 coffins were borne on twenty-four artillery waggons. The service was most impressive. French and British sailors and then French troops defiled past the coffins.

President Fallieres has telegraphed to King George expressing his gratitude for the British participation.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

An extraordinary incident occurred at the funeral of the "Liberte" victims yesterday at Toulon. A horse bolted and charged the funeral cortege. The spectators were seized with panic, and broke the cordons of police and troops. President Fallieres took refuge behind a lamp-post.

The Ministers and Deputies present addressed and reassured the people. The procession then reformed. Many persons were injured in the rushes.

NEW GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

Departure for India.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Sir Thomas and Lady Gibson-Carmichael left London yesterday, to embark on the liner "Simla." They were accompanied by Major Bateman-Champain, Military Secretary, and Captain Vaux, Aide-de-Camp.

Among those present to bid them farewell were Lord Dudley, Mr. Charles Clay, representing the Earl of Crewe, Sir J. Dunlop Smith, and Mr. Lionel Abrahams.

WEST AUSTRALIAN ELECTION.

The Government Defeated.

LONDON, Oct. 3.

The West Australian Government has been defeated in the general election. Two Ministers were defeated.

There is an indication that the Labour party will have a majority of ten.

RAILWAY COMMISSION.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The Railway Commission has concluded the hearing of evidence.

Railwaymen, meeting in Congress at Carlisle yesterday, unanimously demanded the nationalisation of railways.

THE INSURANCE BILL.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

Mr. Winston Churchill, in his speech at Dundee, announced that the Government was determined to pass the Insurance Bill.

HOME RACING.

The Newbury Cup.

LONDON, Oct. 4.

The following is the result of the Newbury Cup:—

Royal Realm	1
Marajax	2
Yellow Slave	3

Twelve ran. Won by three lengths, with one length between the second and third.

Betting at the start,—4 to 1 against Royal Realm, 9 to 2 against Marajax, 11 to 2 against Yellow Slave.

HORTICULTURAL SHOW AT MYSORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, Oct. 4.

A horticultural show in connection with the Dassera Exhibition was held this morning. The weather was pleasant and there was a large attendance of Indian ladies and gentlemen. The Exhibits were up to the usual average; country vegetables were particularly good. Messrs. Krumbiegel Chandrasekhara Aiyar and Dr. Ramaswamy Iyenger acted as judges. The principal exhibitors in flowers were the maistries of Curzon Park, Gordon Park and Karikaul Thoti (police) also Jayalakshmi Villas Gardens. Vegetable and fruit, etc., were shown by native gardeners.

THE ABOR EXPEDITION.

Preparations far an Advance.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

DIBRUGARH, Oct. 4.

I left Dibrugarh on the 2nd instant for Kobo calling at Laimukhri Saw Mills about half way between the two places where is situated a stockade with a detachment of the 14th Mahrattas. Kobo is being rapidly transferred from a small stockade occupied during the rains by a military police guard into a fortified base camp, and another [illegible] square, ready to receive the concentrated force.

Pioneers, Sappers, Military Police, Army Bearer Corps and coolies, with the help of elephants, are busy clearing the jungle, the thickest I have ever seen, levelling, burning, building huts, making streets and landing-stages where lighters are discharging their cargoes. Excellent water is obtainable and the wells are about twenty feet deep. The soil is fortunately sandy and the health of the camp is quite satisfactory. Telegraphic communication has been opened between Kobo and Dibrugarh and between Kobo and Birung ten miles off on the Pasighat Road, which distance has already been cleared by coolies. The 32nd Pioneers will shortly proceed to work on this road. Supplies are being sent by river in dug-outs. A branch of the Planters' Stores and a market, to which the Miris are bringing local produce, have been opened.

The base and communications are in the hands of Colonel MacIntyre who has an intimate knowledge of the Assamese language and the country. The road to Balek is open. The rains are less heavy. No encounter has taken place with the Abors who, however, send threatening messages and are reported to be building numerous stockades.

UNREST IN SOUTHERN PERSIA.

Proposed Protection for British Consulates.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 4.

In consequence of the continued disturbed state of the country, it is proposed to strengthen the escorts of the various British Consulates in Southern Persia. Indian Cavalry will be detailed for this duty and the 6th King Edward's Own at Jacobabad and 39th Central India Horse, Poona, have already been warned to hold themselves in readiness to embark for the Persian Gulf. The former regiment will be probably divided up between Bandar Abbas, Bam and Kerman while the Central India Horse will go to Bushire, Shiraz and Ispahan.

BOMBAY TELEGRAPHISTS' GRIEVANCES.

Sympathy from Lahore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 4.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Indian Telegraph Association, Lahore, was held on the 2nd instant. Resolutions were passed expressing the Association's sympathy with the Bombay signallers and supporting the Bombay Association's claim to have representatives elected by the staff on the official committee appointed by the Director, Bombay Circle. Hopes were expressed that the Director General in whose justice and fair play the men have unbounded confidence would step in to remove the tension between the staff and the authorities and restore loyalty and discipline among the staff.

A telegram expressing the desire of Lahore Association to stand by the Bombay Association was despatched to the General Secretary, Bombay.

CALCUTTA IMPROVEMENT BILL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

The Calcutta Improvement Bill has received the sanction of the Governor-General-in-Council, but no date has yet been fixed with effect from which the Act will come into force. A Bengal Government notification is published however, fixing the Jute Tax at the maximum rate permitted by the Bill, viz. two annas per bale of four hundred pounds on raw jute and twelve annas per ton on manufactured jute.

SHIA CONFERENCE AT BENARES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BENARES, Oct. 4

The proceedings of the Shia Conference terminated peacefully on Monday. Before the Conference there was considerable ill feeling between the Shia and Sunni communities and a disturbance was feared between the ignorant people of both communities. The number of delegates from outside was fewer than in the previous years, but the local Shias assembled in large numbers. It is believed that the presence of the Maharaja of Benares, went a great way towards bringing about good feelings between the two sections.

TROOPS FOR INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The hired transport "Dongola" left Southampton on September 27 and is due at Bombay on 19th October with the following troops on board:—1st Battalion, Leinster Regiment and drafts for the following units,—1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers; 2nd Battalion, Norfolk Regiment; 2nd Battalion, Dorsetshire Regiment; 1st Battalion, King's Own Scottish Borderers; 2nd Battalion, Shropshire Light Infantry; 4th Battalion, Worcestershire Regiment; 2nd Battalion, Berkshire Regiment; 1st Battalion, Seaforth Highlanders; 7th Hussars.

Frank Gadsby, a one-legged Nottingham swimmer, who swam recently from Eastbourne to Hastings in 5hr. 45 min., has challenged Burgess to a contest lasting four hours over a course measuring at least a mile.

A railway porter with a sense of humour has been discovered at Addiscombe Station, at Croydon. As the only man who came out at that station he did not participate in a public subscription raised for the loyalists. He therefore, sent round to residents and tradespeople for donations to "The only striker," and they, entering into the spirit of the thing, responded by contributions, mainly in pence.

THE DELHI DURBAR.

Arrangements for Mysore Camp.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, October 4.

His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and the members of the personal staff will leave Bangalore for the Coronation Durbar at Delhi on November 28th by special train. The remainder of the party, about 60 in number, will travel independently in advance. Mr. P. Raghavendra Rao, Huzar Secretary, who is in charge of the Mysore Camps at Delhi will leave on the 6th instant to see that the arrangements left in the hands of the special engineer, Mr. Karve, Superintendent, Fernhill Palace, Ootacamund, have been satisfactorily carried out. Mr. Govinda Rao, Private Secretary to the Dewan, will leave two days later to see that the Dewan's Camp is in order. The Maharaja and party will return to Mysore about the middle of January next.

KING EDWARD MEMORIAL.

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The following Press note has been issued:—All subscribers toward the All India Memorial to the late King Emperor who will be present in Delhi on the 8th December and who are desirous of attending the ceremony of the laying of the memorial tablet by His Imperial Majesty King George the Fifth are reminded that applications for seating accommodation should be submitted as early as possibly to the Honorary Secretary, All India Memorial Fund, Viceregal Lodge, Simla. No applications for seats will be considered after the 31st October. Subscribers are also requested when applying to mention, (a) the amount subscribed; (b) if not sent individually, through whom the subscription was paid; (c) the approximate date of payment.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 4.

It is stated that the Right Rev. Dr. Copleston, the Metropolitan of India, who is now at home on leave, will be unable to attend the Delhi Durbar.

The recent heavy rain at Delhi has had a most beneficial effect upon the parade and polo grounds, not to mention of the gardens which have been laid out in the various camps. It will also facilitate the roadmaking, a good deal of which still remains to be done.

LAHORE, Oct. 4.

As the Metropoliton of India will be unable to attend the Coronation Durbar at Delhi presumably the Lord Bishop of Lahore will conduct the religious services which will take place during the ceremonies.

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

The following is the address of Madras Presidency to be presented to the King and Queen at Delhi:—

—May it please Your Imperial Majesties.—We the undersigned representing Your Majesties' subjects of every race, creed and class throughout the Madras Presidency, beg to offer Your Majesties our loyal and heartfelt congratulations on the auspicious occasion of Your Majesties' visit to India as King-Emperor, and Queen-Empress.

We cherish the memory of the visit which Your Majesties as Prince and Princess of Wales paid to the Southern India, and although circumstances do not permit of Your Majesties again giving us an opportunity of expressing in our capital the profound loyalty to the Throne and steadfast devotion to Your Majesties' persons entertained by all classes in the Madras Presidency, the oldest Presidency in India, it affords us greatest possible satisfaction to be privileged to offer to Your Majesties the sincere expression of our loyal sentiments.

Of the many signal proofs of regard for India given by Your Majesties' Royal House and Your Majesties none, we venture to say, has more deeply impressed the inhabitants than the unprecedented favour of Your Majesties' presence among them. On behalf of that large portion of Your Majesties' subjects, whom we represent, we humbly beg to convey to Your Majesties our most cordial appreciation of the gracious action of Your Majesties in honouring India with your presence for the solemnity of the Coronation Durbar and our respectful congratulations on this auspicious and historic occasion.

It is our earnest hope that by the blessing of the Almighty God, Your Majesties may long be spared to rule over this great country for the prosperity of which Your Majesties' maintaining traditions are established by Your Majesties illustrious predecessors, our venerated Queen Empress Victoria and our beloved King-Emperor Edward VII and Queen Empress Alexandra have ever shown most gracious and sympathetic concern.

With deepest gratitude to Your Majesties for allowing us this opportunity of conveying to Your Majesties in person on this most glorious and epoch-making, occasion the homage and congratulations of the whole of the Madras Presidency, we subscribe ourselves.

Your Majesties' most obedient and devoted subjects.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

Queen to Go to Rajputana.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 4.

It is stated that it is now definitely settled that Her Majesty the Queen, who will take up her residence at Agra while the King-Emperor is shooting in Nepal from 18th December, will make a short tour in Rajputana. Among the places to be visited will be Kotah and Bundi.

VICEREGAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

Lord Hardinge accompanied by Mr. Du Boulay, Col. M. R. H. Wilson and Captains the Hon'ble Weld-Forester and Hartley, Aides-De-Camp, left Simla this morning to Mattiana, about 30 miles from Simla.

Lieut. the Hon'ble E. Hardinge, 15th Hussars, the Viceroy's eldest son, will arrive in Simla at the end of next week.

Lady Hardinge has issued invitations to witness the theatricals at Government House on the 12th and 13th October. The "New Boy" will be produced and the principals in the cast are Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. John Mackenzie, Miss Creagh, Mr. M. Harrison, Mr. Hannay, Mr. Burden, and Captain W. Gray, Mr. Ashcraft will act as stage manager.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

The following Colonels of Royal Artillery have been selected for Divisional Artillery Commanders and posted to the divisions named:—Colonel A. Stokes to 1st Division; Colonel F. E. Johnson to 3rd (Lahore) Division; Colonel A. B. Scott to 4th (Quetta) Division; Col. S. C. U. Smith to 6th (Poona) Division! Col. O. T. Robinson to 7th (Meerut) Divison.

Brigadier General H. S. Dwakins, Inspector of Artillery, Northern Army, is transferred to Divisonal Artillery Commander, 2nd (Rawalpindi) Division.

Brigadier General H. F. Mercer, C. B. Inspector of Artillery, Southern Army is transferred to the appointment of Inspector of Royal Horse and Field Artillery.

THE ASHE MURDER TRIAL.

First Accused's Confessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

Nilakanta alias Bramachari, the first accused in the Ashe Murder and Tinnevelly Conspiracy cases made two confessions in July last before Mr. Tampoe, the Committing Magistrate, and these were put in evidence and admitted by the Special Tribunal

The first statement details at length his movements since December 1905. The second statement is as follows.—"I want entirely to unburden my mind. Many persons are to be punished for what I say. I should be the first among them, but I believe I am innocent. When I was in Tenkasi in May 1910 I sent Sankara Krishna to bring Bande Mataram Subramania Iyer from Ettiyapuram and K. V. Aurumugam Pillay from Tuticorin. They came and in Chidambaram Pillay's house we formed a society and undertook an oath that each of us would devote his life and property to the cause of the country We offered puja to mother Kali and then we wrote the conditions of our view on a piece of paper. Chidambaram Pillay also signed it. I have something more to say about Tuticorin. I went there as I have said before from Tenkasi. Sankara Krishna came there in advance of me. We formed a similar society there. We took a similar vow and signed a paper and put our thumb impression in blood. Myself, Sankara Krishna, Aurumugam Pillay, Madhamy Pillay of Ottapidam, one Sankaralingau of Tuticorin, and Somasundaram Pillay of Tuticorin signed it. We did not clearly state that the purpose of the society was. I myself was not clear about it. I did not teach anything to these people. Then I went to Courtallam where I met Veerabadra Sarma who gave me the definite views about the reformation of the country. I did not start any society either with Vanchi or which the Shencottah people nor did I teach against Government any hostile views to the Shencotta people. I went to my native place and never mentioned anything about the society to any of my acquaintances either in the Tinnevelly or inother places. I do not know what these people did after I went to Madras. This is all and true I have not hidden any thing."

THE BENGAL EXCISE.

Increased Use of Country Spirit and Cocaine.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 4.

The administration report of the Excise Department, Bengal, during 1910-11, published in to-day's *Calcutta Gazette* states that the total receipts for the year amounted to 180 lakhs. Receipts under country spirit show an increase of 4 1-2 lakhs, under ganja three lakhs, and opium three quarters of a lakh. The increase of country spirit consumed in gallons was large (937,217 to 1,025,108) and Calcutta showed an increase of 30,889 proof gallons which is attributed to the displacement of the cheap foreign spirit on account of the recent enhancement of duty and new restriction as to the strength of compounding and bottling.

The proportion of persons convicted for drunkenness was 34 per mille of the population in Calcutta proper, while in the suburbs of Calcutta it was 207.

With regard to cocaine smuggling the reports states that it is a matter of regret to the Board to find that Magistrates often fail to realize the absolute futility of inflicting lenient punishment on the offenders they convict. The Excise Commissioner mentions a case in which Calcutta Magistrates imposed only a fine of Rs. 5 for illicit possession of 50 packets of cocaine. The profits made in this illicit trade are enormous and the Board ventures to suggest to the Government that this may be brought to the notice of all Magistrates.

FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF THE REPUBLIC.

Celebration in Goa.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NOVA GOA, Oct. 4.

The festivities of celebration of the first anniversary of the Portuguese Republic began this morning. Early in the morning at 1 o'clock a salute of guns accompanied by a peal of music airing the National Anthem announced the festivities. This is the hour at which the revolution broke out in Portugal a year ago. The festivities were kept up throughout the day with increased enthusiasm. At 4 p. m. a civic cortege, the principal feature at which was a number of allegorical carriages representing the Army, Navy, Agriculture, Public Works and Instruction, passed in procession through the city and the Hindu procession started from the Municipal premises and after passing through the principal streets of the city, which were very tastefully decorated for the occasion, ended at the site where the new premises for the School of the Republic are to be erected. His Excellency the Governor-General with his suite, all the high dignitaries of State, Civil and Military, Foreign Consuls, and a great number of people, walked in the procession and groups of children sang the National Anthem as the procession was passing. Crowds of people thronged along the route.

A BOMBAY STOWAWAY.

Sent to Prison at Hull.

At Hull Police Court on Sept. 13, a young man, Alfred Griffiths was charged under the Merchant Shipping Act with being a stowaway aboard the Wilson liner Othello. A fireman named William Henderson was summoned for aiding and abetting. A summons was also returnable against the boatswain, James Dale, for aiding and abetting, but it was stated that Dale had disappeared on Saturday.

Captain Proctor gave evidence of Griffiths approaching him at Bombay for a berth and his refusing him on account of the medical regulations, Bombay being a plague-stricken port. After the vessel had sailed Griffiths was discovered in the boatswain's quarters. The prisoner, when brought from his hiding-place, denied bribing any of the crew to get him aboard, but admitted treating them to drinks at Bombay.

A fireman named Dennis Scrimgour described how Henderson and Dale and himself went to a house in Bombay and took Griffiths on to the ship at eleven o'clock at night, when it was dark. Griffiths took them to a saloon in Bombay before they went aboard.

Griffiths, who was defended by Mr. Williamson gave evidence that he crept on board the ship when it was dark and remained in the boatswain's berth all night. In the morning at the suggestion of the boatswain he secreted himself in the chain locker. At this point Captain Proctor said that the chain locker was a very dangerous place, and if the anchor had been dropped the prisoner would have been cut to pieces. Griffiths's defence was that the boatswain invited him aboard.

The Bench sent Griffiths to prison for fourteen days with hard labour and fined Henderson 40s. and costs, or twenty one days.

RAHEL AND HER TIME.

(By Pestonji Dorabji Khandalavala).

The first symptoms of the awakening of Berlin Society in the beginning of the XIX century, corresponds with the epoch of the French domination. It is one of the most morally grand epochs in the history of Prussia. It is here one witnesses the prodigious labour of a nation, preparing for its deliverance. To the vigorous literary impulse of Weimar, Berlin responded by her patriotic rising. The one was the complement of the other. In this Berliner movement the "Salons" played a considerable part no doubt but not such as in France. "La Vie de Salon" as the French understood it does not enter into the character nor the customs of the German. He is too individual, too turned in to be long pleased with the Society of his fellows. To his mind, every German is a microcosm, and cannot willingly consent to become part of a whole, being himself a whole. His nature does not coalesce. Society embarasses him, it puts him out. No sooner is he there than he longs to find himself alone. German salons have something of the caravanseral in them; a station where diverse passengers meet to leave an hour after. Berlin owed her first salon a la francaise to

VARNHAGEN D'ENSE

author, soldier, and diplomate, and to his learned wife the celebrated Rahel, now nearly a century ago. It was sociable, polished, recreative, no one transgressing its refined manners, or if you will its tacitly agreed formalism, without which no good company is possible. Before this time literary clubs were but barely known, and that too in certain exceptional regions, as in the reign of the first King of Prussia, the august friend of Leibritz, Queen Sophia-Charlotte, gathered round her in her chateau. Later, the great Frederick had his coteries as well. But, ladies who form an indispensable element were wanting, and the result was that the philosophic monarch held no "Salons" but had "Joyeux Soupers." That mattered little. There was a decided gain in wit. At the Court of Frederick William III. appeared two men eminently endowed to be fashionable: the one was Prince Louis Ferdinand, and the other Prince Charles de Mecklembourg-Strelitz. With the one dominated the desire to see, and to know, with an immoderate appetite for pleasure. The other had the talent for conversation, a keen critical sense, a deal of observation and tact, and above all much scepticism. With such rare advantages and precious gifts, they found in

RAHEL THEIR PATRONESS.

Yet a maiden, she was then the cynosure of all eyes. She exercised on the best spirits of her time a marked influence, her personality marking out her place. She was a sort of feminine Hamlet, one of those beings who analyse and suffer on whom the events of life have but little hold, and who by dint of observing their own selves torment themselves and end by losing sight of the "Grand ensemble" of things. Small, frail, with an extraordinary nervous susceptibility, and an inflammable imagination, she had brought into this world all that was needed to suffer in it more than was her due. Not to enter into the romance of her life, it may be said that from her youth, her poor heart already made sore, suffered sore trials. Twice had she loved to be disappointed. The first failed because of family considerations; the second more ardent and impassioned perished from excess of ardour itself. For with certain natures made to suffer the purest intoxication does not take long to turn into a frightful torment: physically the perfume of a flower poisons them; morally, happy love even consumes and kills them. From the first hour of emerging from this crisis, Rahel saw herself the centre of a circle of distinguished personages in all classes of society.

THE WAR WAS OVER.

Literary interests and intellectual debates succeeded political conflicts. The atmosphere was charged with a new philosophy literature and art. The over-flow at Jena too small to hold all the noise of the Romantic school poured into the capital of Prussia. Schelling, the two Schlegels, Tieck arrived in Berlin and monopolised the field Thorwaldsen had made Rome ring with his name. The echoes on the banks of the Rhine resounded the name of the angel Overbeck a prey to the first intoxication of his ecstatic dream Then there were Humboldt and Raumer. All the genius of Germany in the sciences, letters, and fine arts was grouped round Varnhagen the chevalier "sans peur et sans reproche" and the witty and noble Rahel who had become his wife by then. A rare vivacity of elocution, a singular gift of never letting interest languish of being attractive without pretention, instructive without pedantism of being able to recount with calm, things which excite us, made of Varnhagen the first of masters in the art of spoken memories which we name conversation. His

GALLERY OF PRUSSIAN HEROES

is a master-piece which Plutarch would not disown. It contains admirable biographic studies on diverse military notabilities. He had the happy luck of seeing everything himself, and of thinking and writing in the thick of events. If the tide cast him back on the bank leaving him free to his contemplations, the intrepid swimmer that he was—he would go up and down the current of a stormy and perilous sea. Born at Dusseldorf on the banks, where Germany seems to hold out the hand to France, he had from his infancy occasion to observe the sympathies of the two peoples. Having passed the first years of the revolution at Strasburg, he saw Hamburg, then Halle, where lectured Wolf, Schleirmacher and Staffens at the time. It was Berlin at last and her youthful poetic school which seized him with enthusiasm: Arnim, Chamisso, Novalis, quite a plerad of charming genius, which carried him away insensibly out of his way, when Rahel appeared just in time to bring him back. Prussia was at the point of death. From her feeble hand the flag of Germany had passed to Austria. Varnhagen took service in the Austrian army and fought at Wagram. In consequence of an illusion of peace, lulling Europe, he came to Paris in the embassy of Prince Schwarzenberg, and appeared at the court of Napoleon. What agitations and vicissitudes! Later he was in Russian service under General Tettenborn, whose campaigns he wrote one day. But his nature and his studies seemed to call him long to the diplomatic career which he took up. From a moral stand-point, ancient society was certainly better than our own, and in it Varnhagen stands out as a model to take example from. He was formed in the salons of Paris and of Vienna, the school which all savants have not the luck to frequent. It made of this writer in the long run a worshipper of the genteel and the well-bred, a taste which ill-fitted the character of a historian.

HE STUDIES NAPOLEON

as "un homme de Salon." He sees him through his lens, and this grand and gloomy child of the Revolution does not respond to his idea of a man "comme il faut." "His bearing was embarassed, says Varnhagen. One saw in it the struggle of a will pressed hard to attain its aim, while despising those it employed for the purpose. His dark eyes encircled with dark rings were in the habit of looking down, and shot piercing and rapid regards by fits and starts. If he laughed, the mouth only and the lower part of the cheeks took part in it, the brow and the eyes remained impassive, and if he coersed them his look had a most distorted expression. This alloy of the serious and the sneer had something frightful and hideous. I have never for my part understood what idea people had, who pretended to have seized in his face traces of sweetness and of goodness. His features of undisputed plastic beauty, were cold and hard as marble, strangers to every sympapathy, or cordial emotion. What he said was almost always paltry, both in matter and in manner, without talent, elevation or value. Nothing succeeded with him on the ground of conversation in which he had the weakness to wish to be admired." The man of the fashionable world gets inextricable mixed up with the patriot and that accounts for Varnhagen's bitterness. The face of a Cromwell or a Cæsar is not itself lovely, but it is full of speaking traits, and the best artists alone can truly interpret for us all that a quick eye can see in its lineaments. Napoleon had no need to be a brilliant talker. In default of the eloquence which persuades and charms he had that which strikes off situations. His personality like his discourse acted when it was necessary in the Council or on the field of battle. All grandeur to his beauty! The beauty of Napoleon I It was in General Bonaparte. See him at the villa Appiania, on the banks of Lake Como, the conqueror of Arcola, and let him who dare, say his face is wanting in ideality!

The Hon'ble Pandi Madan Mohan Malavya is expected to arrive at Lahore on Sunday next in connection with the Hindu University scheme.

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT REWA.

The Hired Transport Rewa, Commander Thomas Kerr, arrived in harbour yesterday from Southampton, which port she left on the 14th September, and called at Port Said and Suez. She brought drafts for different regiments comprising 73 officers, 14 ladies, 18 warrant officers, 13 women, 1,236 non-commissioned officers and men, 80 women and 44 children. The following are the names of the officers:—

2nd Lt W L R Hatch, R Fus
2nd Lt E R Wilson, R Fus
2nd Lt R C Mansel, Rifle Brigade
2nd Lt H S C Peyton, Rifle Brigade
2nd Lt C C Malden Essex Regt
2nd Lt C E W Bromley, Essex Regt
2nd Lt R A Wolfe Murray 1st S Lanc
2nd Lt G S A White, 1st S Lanc
2nd Lt F S Lanigan O'Keefe, 1st S Lanc
2nd Lt C Younghusband E York
2nd Lt J A Ferguson, Unattached List
2nd Lt D R Montford, Unattached List
2nd Lt M M Stevenson, Unattached List
2nd Lt E B Grassett, Unattached List
2nd Lt E S M Prinsep, Unattached List
2nd Lt J D Guthrie, Unattached List
Miss E S Kerry, Q A M N S I
Miss B Walshe Q A M N S
2nd Lt W M Fowle, R E
2nd Lt H C Greswell, R E
Lieut G Wynne, Finch 3rd K R R Corps
2nd Lt N C H Macdonald Moreton, 3rd R R Corps
2nd Lt J E M Mellore, 3rd K R R Corps
2nd Lt N K Mackenzie 4th, 3rd K R R Corps
Lt R M McCullagh, 1st Durham L I
Lt G Rawley Conway, L N Lan Regt
Lt H C Grace, 21st Cavalry
Lt J S Marshall 25th Sikhs
Lt D G J Ryan, 6th G Rifles
Lt R A Haskett Smith, Worc Regt
2nd Lt H Clements Finnerty, 17th Lancers
2nd Lt C A Cunningham Border Regt
Lt & Instr C A Gover, A Schools
2nd Lt W S Murland, 10th Hussars
2nd Lt R H Aines, Leicester Regt
2nd Lt P R Meates, N Stafford
2nd Lt F E Soames, R W Fus
2nd Lt H H Davies, R W Fus
Capt J A Gardiner R G A
Capt I A J Pask, R G A
Lt W H Lewis, R G A
Lt H T Stibbing, R G A
Lt H D Ashby, R G A
Capt F W Hunt, 19th Lancers
Major H O Bishop, Leic Fus
Major P G Rodney Anderson, 62 Punjabis
Captain E L Crookshank, 32nd Sikh Pioneers
Capt C S Stocks, 5th Light Cavalry
Capt D A Blair 2nd Goorkha Rifles
Capt A R Withers, 16th Cavalry
Lt H N G Geary R E
Lt H S Trevor, R E
Lt G G Kitchen R E
Lt M G G Campbell, R E
2nd Lt G Bradney, R E
2nd Lt J B Roberts R E
Col T C T Somerville, Staff
Major A J Stretton, M V O Staff
Lieut-Col R W Wright, R A M C
Captain J S Bostock, R A M C
Lieut J R Yourell, R A M C
Major A K S Hart Synnot, D S O, E Surrey Regt
Captain A N M Swanston, A V C
Capt D MacDonald, A V C
Lieut P J Malone, A V C
Captain V J Heather, R F A
Captain A G Eden, R F A
Lieut T R M Carlisle, R F A
Lieut E G Heath, R F A
Lt and Rdg Mr J Lynch, R F A
Captain E G S Truell, 1st Con Rangers
Second Lt E T Thomas, 1st Con Rangers
Second Lt G D Abbott, 1st Con Rangers
Captain H C Sinnott, 1st R Warwickshire
Families of Major G H Thorne, R A M C
Major F Smith, R A M C
Major C Cox, R Irish Regt
Lieut J Morrison, R A
Lieut-Col E P Smith, R F A
Lieut J J Beckton, R A M C
Captain C H Taylor, 1st Y and L Regt
Captain E A Porch, 1st W York
Rev H T Wheeler, Chaplain (C of E)
Rev F Aveling, Chaplain (R C)

THE POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

The archives of the Post-office Savings bank—which celebrates its jubilee to-morrow—contain many records of conscious or unconscious displays of humour on the part of depositors. One of the questions a would-be depositor has to answer is whether his address is "permanent," and to this one man replied, "Heaven is our home," while other answers displaying the same religious fervour were—"here is no continuing city," "Yes, D. V.," and "This is not our rest." Another frank depositor who might have lived in this part of the world replied, "No, D. V., for the place is beastly damp and unhealthy," while another admitted that he "Doant know what permanent is." A depositor, asked on what grounds he applied for the sum standing to the credit of his brother, who had been described as "deceased" although no proof was given of his death, wrote back: "I have my brother's children to keep. I wrote to him six weeks ago, but he has never answered. He keeps writing to say that he is dead, or getting someone else to do it. On the other hand the Department had little difficulty in accepting as conclusive evidence of the death of a depositor the statement that he had died from "injuries [illegible] though accidentally coming in contact with [illegible] train suddenly."

A married woman who claimed [illegible] deposited by her dead [illegible] was asked [illegible] boy's father was still alive. Her reply was [illegible] living, but insignificant." A young man who applied for the money due under an insurance effected by his father was asked to state the cause of the father's death. He replied: "I don't know; can't remember, but it was nothing serious." Savings books are always being lost, and the explanations given are many and varied. For instance: "I think the children has taken it out of doors and lost it, as they are in the habit of playing shutal cock with the backs of books," wrote one depositor. "Supposed to have been taken from the house by our tame monkey," was another answer; while a third depositor confided to the Department the fact that "I was in the yard feeding my pigs. I took off my coat and left it down in a barrell; while engaged doing so a goat in the yard pulled it down. The book falling out, the goat was chewing it when I caught her."

THE AMERICAN LANGUAGE.

It is not only in "footwear," but all through men's and women's dress that Americans and English use a different vocabulary. To begin with, an American woman speaks of her dress bodice as a "waist," her cotton blouse is a "shirt waist"; calico she calls "muslin," and underclothing is therefore "under-muslin," a name which would point to the fact that linen is not now commonly worn. Her dressing-gown is her "wrapper," her brooch a "breast-pin," while the pin for her husband's tie is a "stick-pin"—quite a good, lively word. One idiom in use about woman's dress sounds very odd to English ears. In the late springs or early summer such a phrase as the following is often heard:—"I met Mrs. Jones on Fifth-street this afternoon, and though we are having such a cold spell she was in her figure." "In

SPORTING NEWS.

DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 1.

To-day's match was between the Royal Scots (cup holders) and the 4th King's Royal Rifles, the runners up of last year. The match was played this afternoon in glorious bright weather though it was rather warm for the players. The Scots settled down to a steady pressure, time after time tried for goal and subsequently on two occasions in the midst of a knot of players had a number of successive shots, but could not break through the goal-keeper's guard. The Rifles then with a brilliant combination passed to Davies, the inner right, who netted with a hard kick. The Scots resumed with another series of attacks but failed, the score at the interval being, the Rifles one goal, Scots love.

On change of ends play was witnessed in Rifles' quarters and though the Scots tried very hard they could not penetrate their opponents' stubborn defence. From this point the Rifles showed [illegible] skill and scored the second and final goal for the Rifles, who won by two goals to love.

4th King's Royal Rifles ..... 2 goals.
Royal Scots..... nil.

The second match was between the Lancashire Fusiliers and 5th Mountain Battery. It was a one sided affair. Five minutes after commencement the Lancashires with a grand play down the centre of ground passed to Lark, who cleared all opposition and drove the ball in. The game was confined in the Battery's court and Abbott scored another easy goal before the half-time. Resuming although the Battery were not downcast and fought hard but could not make any effect on their opponents and two minutes before the conclusion Stockton netted a goal, Lancashires winning by three goals to love.

Lancashire Fusiliers..... 3 goals.
5th Mountain Battery..... nil.

Sprinting this afternoon was won by the King's Liverpool Regiment from the Royal Welsh Fusiliers and by the Gordons from K. O. Scottish Borderers.

MADRAS RUGBY TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 3.

In the semi-final round of the Madras Rugby Tournament, Bombay met the first team of the Leicester Regiment this evening and were badly beaten. The Leicesters were the heavier team and controlled the game and their passing was better. Bombay played against a strong wind in the first half and the Leicesters took full advantage of this. One man of Bombay team was hurt just before half time and the side played one short the rest of the game. The Leicesters increased their score to 18 points by two tries, and half a minute before the finish. Walker for Bombay made a very fine run and got behind converting from a difficult angle.

BOXING AT MADRAS.

Leicester Regiment's Tournament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 4.

The boxing tournament held by the 2nd Leicestershire Regiment commenced last night, thirteen contests being down on the programme. Owing to the number of entries it was found necessary to add another night and the final will therefore be fought on Monday next instead of on Saturday. The fighting last night was on the whole good, In a six round contest between Private O'Dowd and Lce Cpl Healy, Private O'Dowd gave a very plucky display indeed. It was a well-contested fight to the end. Healy in the fifth round appeared to be gaining confidence, but in the last round O'Dowd punished him severely and won a good fight.

Middle Weights.—(Open): Lce Cpl. Cheverill (King's Light Infantry) beat Pte Rippard, (King's Light Infantry).

W. O. Regimental Bantam Weights.—Pte. Yardley beat Pte. Dix.

Six round contest.—Pte. O'Dowd (Sherwood Foresters) beat Lce-Cpl. Healey (Leicestershire Regiment).

Regimental Welter Weight.—Pte. Brockington beat Pte Allum.

Light Weight Competition (open).—Lce. Cpl. Mille (King's Light Infantry) beat Pte. Miles (43rd Light Infantry). Pte. Sly (Middlesex Regiment) beat Pte. Dunne (Sherwood Foresters.)

Regimental Light Weights.—Pte, Cartwright beat Pte. Morris.

Feather Weights (open).—Pte. Andrews (King's Light Infantry) beat Pte. Hammond (Leicestershire Regiment).

BILLIARDS IN POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. [illegible]

[illegible]'s Club the Indian billiard [illegible] Ramphal Shaw, gave Monk 450 in 1,500 [illegible] beat him by 113 points. In the opening stages Monk showed very poor form and at half way was caught up, but in the second period nearly held his own. Ramphal Shaw shewed up particularly well at red losers in the middle and top pockets leaving white in baulk as does Grey all but orginal two off white in a break of 107, Shaw made off the red. His chief breaks were 45, 60, 48, 69, 42, 56, 43, 107, and 62, Monk compiled 54 twice. Shaw was best known in Calcutta when he was a marker at the Bengal Club.

FOOTBALL IN POONA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, 4th Oct.

The second game in the Divisional Football Tournament was played this evening between the Dorsetshires and the 10th Brigade, R.F.A., Kirkee. The Dorsets had a goal to their credit in the first half time, but the Gunners equalised at the beginning of the next period. The Dorsets then put up a second goal which the Gunners were once more fortunate in equalising before time was called. With the score two goals each, extra time was played. Nothing was scored in the first period of extra time and as the light failed, it was decided to replay the match on another day.

ANNUAL SPORTS AT POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, Oct. 4.

The annual sports of the men composing His Excellency the Governor's Body-Guard, took place at Ganeshkhind this evening in the presence of a number of European and Indian ladies and gentlemen. There were the usual mounted events common to military tournaments with one or two gymkhana events thrown in to add to the attractiveness of the evening's doings. At the conclusion of the sports Her Excellency Lady Clarke distributed the prizes, cheers being given for Their Excellencies at the end.

Mounted Combat :—Lce. Duffadar Fateh Mohammed Khan 1 ; Sowar Hira Singh 2.

Heads and Posts :—Lce. Duffadar Fateh Mohammed Khan, 1 ; Sowar Taj Mahommed Khan 2.

Individual Tent Pegging :—Lce. Duffadar Kairu Ali Khan, 1 ; Duffadar Karim Singh 2.

Individual Jumping :—Sowar Kuthar Singh 1 ; Sowar Jiva Singh 2.

Half Section Jumping.—Sowar Mulkha Singh and Sowar Jiva Singh 1 ; Lce. Duffadar Fateh Mohammad Khan and Sowar Taj Mohammad 2.

Section Tent Pegging.—B. Squadron, 26th Light Cavalry 1 ; C. Squadron, 26th Light Cavalry 2.

Gymkhana Events.—Cinderella Stakes :—Capt. Stanger Leathes and Miss Anderson 1 ; Capt. J. L. Lanham and Miss Barker 2.

Chatty Stakes.—Miss Brooke and Col. Perkins.

POONA RACES.

Ninth Extra Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Oct. 3.

The following are the entries for the Poona Ninth Extra Meeting to be held next Saturday :—

"Arab Welter Plate. Distance 7 furlongs.—Bushoosh, Vazir, Pointer, Submit, Crown Prince, Arnica, Harry Johnson, Ghalyum, Soultanul-Mulook, Mars, Rightaway, Sir Edward, Gorgavi, Makeb, One Thousand, Mexico, St. Hilarion, Avis, Bunsee, Mysore, Bheema, Turn of Luck II., and The Czar.

"Cambridgeshire Plate." Distance 1 1-4 miles—Braganza, Lama, Tejdilmulook, Guinea Gold, Grand Duke, Parliament, Valens, Basher, Terror Meazer, Baloz, Zinfandel and Sir Hugo.

"Neral Plate." Distance 7 furlongs.—Zinfandel, Ashroff, Chechan, Woolwinder, Saree, Zari, Prince of Wales, Lookman, Zoolphokarr, Singer, Young Majub, Fair play, Minerva, Mutrood, Dumra Prime Minister, Nurgis, Tofic Pasha, Jehangir, Baloza Tachreet, Mudkoor, Grey Falcon, Dilerjung, Gofal, Grey Mist and Peter Pan.

"Alexandra Park Plate." Distance about 5 furlong—Cowslip, Danseuse, T. M. S., Haut Park, Aqueduct, Ripple, Stream, Convent Girl, Lord Carlyon, Archer, Metal Girl, Beaiser Bell and Ruby Tin.

"New Maiden Plate." Distance about 5 furlongs.—Maasal, Zahof, Secretary, Pelero, Turkish General, Golden Day, A. H. Makeb, War Eagle, Little Hero, Denar, Mars, General Botha, Takte Jamshed, Zomat, Sir Edward, Khadravi, Borgavi, Seven Fifty, Six Fifty, Mexico, Verney, Sirkar, Red Monk, Grill, Baldwin, Dollar, Framroz, Papa and New Guinea.

"Ascot Plate." Distance 1 1-4 miles.—Vavasor, Vancouver, Gallileo, Aborigine, Davereux, Bachelors Belle Broque, Prince Rupert. Master Delaval, Hilarity, Bright Metal and Santoinette.

ADDITIONAL RACE.

"Zelling Plate."—Winner, Rs. 500 ; 2nd, Rs. 200; and third, Rs. 100. For Arab ponies 14 hands and under which have not won flat race value Rs. 500 or over since 31st March, 1910, or flat races of any value of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,000, or over since 31st March, 1910. 14 hands entered for Rs. 1,100 to carry 104. W. I. 3lbs. for each Rs. 100 down to Rs. 500. Allowance.—Maidens 4lbs. Ponies landed on or after 1st July, 1910, and which have not won a race since that date 3lbs. Distance about 5 furlongs.

Entry Rs. 5 to close 10 a.m. on Thursday, 5th October with Rs. 5 in addition if not struck out before 6 p.m. Thursday, the 5th October, 1911.

TENTH EXTRA.

The following are the entries for the Poona Tenth Extra Meeting to be held on Wednesday, the 11th instant :—

"Epsom Plate." Distance 5 furlongs.—Socialist, Haut Park, Chivalry, Lord Merve, Watch Tower, Elser, Lord Carlyon, Paul Pry, Pincher, Leo Grand, Ruby Tin, Malmsey and Santoinette.

"Newbury Plate," Distance 1 mile.—Gallileo, Cowslip, Socialist, Haut Park, Picnic, Bright Metal, Lancasterite, Bulls Run and Haamara.

"The Eastern Plate." Distance R. C. and a distance.— Braganza, Dajilmulook, Zoinulmulook, Valens, Parliament, Bashir, Terror, Sir Hugo, Thaboor and Regent.

"Welter Maiden Plate." Distance about 5 furlongs.—Secretary, Menton, Magistrate, Turkish General, Golden Day Arnica Makeb St. Anthony, War Eagle, Dinar, Ordinary, Generel Botha, Mars, Takte, Jamshed, Sojelly, Zomat, Sir Edwards, Khadrave, Bergrave, Mexico, Seven, Fifty, Six Fity, Verney Sirkar, Ben Hindi. Red Monk, Grill, Baldesin, Dollar, Framroz. Little Boy, New Guinea, and Bulgaria.

"Arab Selling Plate." Distance 1 mile.—Company, Lama, Crown Prince, Arnica, Sir Edward Mutrood, Drama, Meazer, Maimoon, Grey, Falcon, Mysore, Bheema and Unver.

'Matheran Plate' Distance 1 mile.—Zinfandel, Ashroff, Lama, Saree, Zare, Lookman, Singer, Vazir, Young Majub, Dawood, Beg, Dumra, Mutrood, Prime Minister, Jehangir, Baloz, Grey Falcon, Mudkoor, Tachreet, and Gafal.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 4.

Thunderstorms have become more numerous in the southern half of the Peninsula and north east India. Some falls have occurred in the east of the United Provinces and have been almost general in Lower Burma. Yesterday, the total amount was well above the days normal. The weather in both Bay of Bengal and the Arabian Sea is slightly unsettled. Port Blair, Diamond Island and Akyab report one and half inches, Monywa, three ; Darbhanga, one and a half; Bahraich, two ; Lucknow, Bangalore, one ; Cochin two; Trivandrum three.

The forecast shows a possible extension of the rainfall to the north-east coast of the Peninsula, but no change of importance elsewhere.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 4TH OCTOBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 4th October, 1911, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the extreme eastern districts and clear elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Ambala and Delhi and normal or in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in excess in the north Punjab and at Sirsa : the minimum is above normal in the north and the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is normal, night temperature is in excess at most stations.

Sind and Rajutana.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess in Sind and normal or in defect elsewhere. Maximum temperature is in excess at Jacobabad and Bikaner: the minimum is above normal at Ajmer.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is in defect at Indore and in excess at Bhuj and Dwarka. Day temperature is above normal in West Central India, north Gujarat and the inland districts of Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Raipur records 0·22" of rain. Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect in the western districts where maximum temperature is in excess.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is generally in excess.

General Remarks.—There has been an increase in the area of rainfall in the southern half of the Peninsula ; fairly general rain has fallen in Malabar and Mysore and light local rain in the Madras Deccan. Over the rest of the reporting area in India, Raipur is the only station reporting rainfall of importance. Conditions appear slightly unsettled in the south-east Arabian Sea.

Local rain is likely in Malabar and a few showers in Mysore, the southern half of the Deccan and possibly the south-east Central Provinces. Isolated dust for thunder-storms may occur in the United Provinces.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 4th October, was 29·854 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 13 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

BY THE WAY.

SYBIL GREY'S WELL ON FLODDEN FIELD.

There is a growing feeling that Sybil Grey's Well on Flodden Field ought not to be neglected any longer, and it is much to be hoped that the Committee formed in connexion with the Flodden Memorial may be enabled, by the generous action of some public-spirited benefactor, to crown their good work by giving outward expression in pure marble to Scott's visionary fountain described in "Marmion," and thus fittingly commemorate one of the most touching incidents in the whole range of literature.

Drink, weary pilgrim, drink, and pray
For the kind soul of Sybil Grey,
Who built this cross and well.

"Time's wasting hand has done away the simple cross of Sybil Grey, and broke her font of stone," but the generous donor of a hundred pounds would, writes the Rev. James King, Berwick-on-Tweed, not only enable the committee to restore the peaceful memorials of cross and well, but his name would be held in honour by all admirers of "Marmion," and the touching tenderness of Lady Clare.

THE STOLEN MASTERPIECE.

There has been much printed within the last ten days about the disappearance of "La Gioconda," but as yet no one has seen no mention of what one of the ablest English art critics, Sir Sidney Colvin, has to say about this great work. His opinions will be found in his article on Leonardo in the new edition of the "Encyclopædia Britannica.' "In this lady," he says, the artist "had found a sitter whose face and smile possessed in a singular degree the haunting, enigmatic charm in which he delighted. He worked, it is said, at her portrait during some portion of four successive years, causing music to be played during the sittings that the rapt expression might not fade from off her countenance." The picture was afterwards bought by Francis I. for 4,000 gold florins. Even "in its dimmed and blackened state," adds Sir Sidney, "the portrait casts an irresistible spell alike by subtlety of expression, by refinement and precision of drawing, and by the romantic invention of its background. It has been the theme of endless critical rhapsodies, among which that of Pater is perhaps the most imaginative as it is the best known."

"THE RAILWAY MAN'S STORY."

Mr. F. A. Mackenzie, the well-known Special correspondent, has taken over "Everybody's Weekly," and in a recent number he gives an interesting article by Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., Assistant Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, who discusses the conditions of labour on the railways. He points out first that the railway worker, for education and character, ranks pre-eminent among British workers. He has very long hours. They are seldom less than twelve, and not infrequently fourteen. "They render him," says Mr. Thomas, "incapable of taking the pleasures in life that other workers enjoy. I know, and thou ands to-day know, nothing of the week-end with the wife and family." Mr. Thomas adds that he never worked less than thirty Sundays in the year, and very often more than that. And he was well off compared with some. He knows a man who one year had no Sunday at home from January to December?

SUNDAY PLEASURE AND SUNDAY LABOUR.

Mr. Thomas complains that the "modern tendency of the public to indulge in Sunday recreation and pleasure is having a deplorable effect upon all forms of labour." No thought, he says, is giving by the pleasure-seekers to the men who are compelled to work in order to gratify their desire for amusement. The consequence is that there are a large number of breakdowns at an early age among railway men, due, in Mr. Thoma's opinion, to continuous overwork. Sunday labour, Mr. Thomas also says, has a disastrous effect upon the funds of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants. The superannuation grants and the payments from the Disablement Fund have in recent years increased 50 per cent. But Mr. Thomas does not take a pessimistic view of the railwayman's life. What charms and inspires him most is the sacrifice the railwayman often makes to give a good education to his children. He tells of one worker who borrowed £40 to pay the college fees of his son, and out of his overtime paid back every copper!

WAGES AND PROMOTION.

According to Mr. Thomas, the weekly wage of 100,000 railway men is £1 each or under, and their hours are not less than sixty-five, and in many cases run to seventy-two! I may be told that those paid such low wages are in the probationary stage, from which they may rise to higher positions. My answer is that 80 per cent. of these men never know promotion. This is slow for all but a favoured few, and out of the question for the vast mass. There are hundreds of men who have been cleaners and the firemen for thirty years still waiting for their turn as drivers. The amalgamation of the railway companies a few years back had a disastrous effect upon promotion. Men who seven years ago passed as drivers are now back as firemen. It may not be generally known that Mr. Thomas himself was formerly an engine-driver. He began life when nine years old as a boy cleaner, and was for many years on the Great Western Railway.

MR. STEAD AND THE SULTAN.

Mr Stead, who gave an account in last month's "Review of Reviews" of his interview with the Sultan, sets forth in the September number the reasons why he is hopeful about the future of Turkey. What every country needs, he says, is a man and a policy, and he thinks he has discovered both in Turkey. "The Man is the Sultan and the Policy is the policy of the Sultan." For thirty years the Sultan practically a prisoner, and has not yet quite got his "sea legs" but it is Mr. Stead's deliberate conviction that at the present moment Mehmed V. is "the man of the situation, and that the hope of the immediate future lies in the opportunity which skilful and courageous ministers may afford him of carrying out the policy which he believes to be the best."

THE SULTAN'S POLICY.

In reply to the question, "What is the Sultan's policy?" Mr. Stead says it is "a policy identical with what the Young Turks' policy was believed to be in the first moment of popular enthusiasm which hailed the downfall of the Hamedian despotism." It is first and foremost the policy of a constitutional sovereign. In the second place it is the policy of one who, while being a constitutional Sovereign determined to govern through his constitutional ministers, is a believing Moslem, Thirdly, it is a policy of peace ; and fourthly, the Sultan is "dead against the policy of enforcing uniformity of law, language, religion, or system upon all the races which make up his Empire." Mr. Stead, in stating three points, says he has confined himself to direct and authentic information as to the Sultan's views. They seem to him "sound views of a sagacious Sovereign."

AGAINST CORRUPTION.

The corruption of American politics has long been notorious. The long campaign against this corruption, a New York correspondent of the "Christian World" writes, seems at last to be making headway. Massachusetts has passed an Act strictly limiting election expenditure (to about 1 1-2d. per voter), and making it illegal to solicit gratuities from candidates or to grant them. There are to be no hired workers at elections, and only one carriage is allowed to political committees at each polling station. Personal expenses are to be fully reported. For a breach of the law a candidate is made ineligible for three years.

MORE IMPORTANT NATIONAL LAW.

Connecticut, New Jersey, and Oregon have enacted similar laws, while Congress, at the close of its special Session, passed a still more important national law. Candidates for the House of Representatives are allowed expenditure up to £1,000, and for the Senate £2,000. A detailed account of expenditure must be filed after an election, and also a statement of every promise or pledge involving patronage or influence for appointment to any political position of trust, honour, or profit, or any private or corporate employment. If any such pledge is given all names are to be filed.

SEPTEMBER 14.

September 14 was the anniversary of some interesting events. Nelson left England for the last time (1805); Fenimore Cooper, the novelist, died (1851); the Duke of Wellington died (1852) President McKinley died from the effect of his wounds (1901). It was also on September 14 (1867) that Sir Robert Napier was appointed to command the expedition against Abyssinia; and on the same day (1872), the decision of the arbitrators in the "Alabama" claims was given. Prince Albert Victor and Prince George (as he then was embarked on the "Bacchante" for a long cruise on September 14, 1880.

The Restorer of Lost Health.

Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P.:
"I have used Sanatogen with extraordinary benefit. It is to my mind a true food tonic, feeding the nerves, increasing the energy, and giving fresh vigour to the overworked body and mind."

The Hon. Mr. Justice Robertson
—Judge, Supreme Court, Lahore:
"My experience so far with Sanatogen has been very favourable. I took it for some weeks during the most trying season of the year—June, July, August—in Lahore, in the Punjab plains, and found it a great strengthener."

"If I could only get well and strong again!"

How often are these words uttered by men and women who, though up and about, are, nevertheless, ill, with racked nerves, failing strength, and depleted vitality!

To them, as to those who are ill in bed, this announcement is a message of hope of the certain conquering of their physical and nervous disabilities through the medium of Sanatogen, the supreme revitaliser of body, brain and nerves.

More than thirteen thousand doctors attest the truth of this statement, and have written enthusiastic letters relating the marvellous results obtained in the cases in which they have prescribed it.

Sanatogen's reputation has its foundation firmly fixed in that unshakeable bed-rock—the justified experience of the medical profession, and that after the most searching and exhaustive tests.

Sir Frederick Milner, Bart.:
"Sanatogen seems both to nourish me and give me strength."

Lord Edward Spencer Churchill:
"I have derived benefit from taking Sanatogen."

Dr. R. F. Bowers,
Bhaptiani, N. Bhagulpore, India:
"I was able to try Sanatogen in a patient who had passed through the acute stage of Asiatic cholera (in a severe form) but was utterly prostrate. That woman, I consider, owes her life to Sanatogen."

Brain, Body and Nerves Revitalised.

Mr. Shirley Tremearne
—Editor of "Capital," Calcutta:
"I had a sharp attack of fever last October which brought me to a state of great weakness. During the whole period my diet was almost entirely soda, milk, and Sanatogen.

"I cannot speak too highly of Sanatogen, which I took for some time, and which not only kept me up during the attack, but afterwards restored me once more to full vigour. In fact I was better and stronger after this course of Sanatogen than before the attack. I can strongly recommend this preparation to anyone whose system has run down. It possesses all the qualities as a nerve tonic and builder up of the bodily system that are claimed for it."

The Maharajah Bahadur of Durbhanga
writes, through his secretary, "His Highness the Maharajah Bahadur has derived great benefit from Sanatogen."

Among the disordered conditions in which Sanatogen is pre-eminently beneficial are nervous debility and breakdown, weakened and disordered nerves, loss of memory, disordered digestion and dyspepsia, dysentery, malaria and anaemia, with its inevitable languor, palpitation and shortness of breath, loss of vitality, and the loss of weight and strength which are the inevitable consequences of wasting diseases like Consumption.

Sanatogen's constituents are known to every doctor. They are milk-proteid and glycero-phosphate of Sodium, chemically combined to form a new compound which exercises the most potent and profound influence over the Nerves, Brain, and Body. For this reason it acts like a charm in the above-named conditions, its beneficial effects being invariably felt in a very short time.

As a general tonic Sanatogen is unequalled, and it is the supreme restorative in convalescence from all acute diseases, such as enteric fever, dysentery, and malaria. It is easily digested, rapidly assimilated and absorbed, and it is the greatest known builder of physical strength and re-creator of lost nervous energy.

It gives new hope to the nervous sufferer. With its use, morbid thoughts and feelings rapidly give place to healthy ideas and normal sensations.

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars. Write to-day for free descriptive pamphlet, "How to Keep Well in Tropical Climates," to The Sanatogen Co. (of London), Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay.

Sir William Bull, M.P.:
"I have much pleasure in stating that I consider your preparation, Sanatogen, is of decided value. It performs that which it promises to do, and I have recommended it to several friends."

Dr. C. R. Naylor,
Bangalore, South India:
"When milk diluted to any degree cannot be digested, Sanatogen will be greedily assimilated. I have no hesitation in stating that by the discovery of Sanatogen you have added a most powerful weapon to those already in the possession of every physician."

Dr. H. H. W. Hart,
Hapur, United Provinces, India:
"I have much pleasure in certifying to the value of Sanatogen in cases of malaria, enteric fever, dysentery, and other exhausting diseases. I can honestly affirm that many of my worst cases owed their recovery to Sanatogen."

SANATOGEN

YOUNGS,
RYLAND STREET WORKS,
BIRMINGHAM ENGLAND.
LOCOMOTIVE SCREW.
Litting and Traversing Jacks.
Bottle Jacks,
Haley Jacks,
Tramcar Jacks.
WRITE FOR CATALOGUE NO. 727

A FACT WORTH NOTING.
PAGE & SANDEMAN'S
Celebrated
INVALID'S PORT,
Gold Capsule, is
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

NATURAL BEAUTY
ICILMA FLUOR CREAM, England's premier face-cream, has restored clearness and beauty to more complexions than anything else known. This is because it contains Icilma Natural Water, the magical skin-tonic from the spring in Algeria. It stimulates the skin to normal healthy action—and that is the only way to Beauty.
Icilma Fluor Cream
is the acme of Toilet Perfection—greaseless, snowy, fragrant and clean to use. It leaves no trace on the skin—cannot grow hair—needs no powder to hide it. Nothing else known can give the same clean, cool comfort, healthy transparency and velvety softness as this exquisite skin-cream.
Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA COMPANY, LTD., LONDON, ENG.
IN NATURE'S WAY

ROWLAND'S
FOR THE SKIN
KALYDOR
known for nearly a century as the most soothing, healing, refreshing and emollient milk for the skin ever produced: it prevents and removes Freckles, Tan, Pimples, Spots, Redness, and Roughness of the Skin, soothes and heals irritation, cutaneous eruptions more effectually than any other preparation, and imparts a **matchless beauty** to the **complexion** unobtainable by any other means. Warranted harmless. Bottles 2s. 3d., 4s. 6d., and 8s. 6d. Sold by stores, chemists, and Rowlands, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

WE STOCK new and second-hand motor cars, serviceable and cheap accessories. We undertake Electrical Installations. Satisfaction assured. Inquiries solicited. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hammam Street Fort.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

REAL AUTUMN COLOURS.

"An eye for colour!" said a friend of mine to-day' writes Mrs. Evan Nepean, in the "Pall Mall Gazette" of mail week, as we tramped together across the shoulder of a Scotch moor. "I hope so! For instance, I can see that heather is purple—" "Can you," said I "because it isn't," There was a pause. That is the trouble of it all; We have been brought up, most of us, to think certain things are certain hues, and when we come to use our eyes and not our silly conventional memories, we realise that what we were told is quite wrong Heather is magenta. It isn't at all a pleasant thought, but it had better faced. And if magenta doesn't convey to you the exact colour of heather think of Condy's fluid not too much diluted! Similarly people insist on talking of butter-cup as 'gold.' Now a buttercup is no more the shade of a sovereign than it is of a shilling. I might almost write! No buttercup was ever the colour of gold under any circumstances and that is a fact that had better be faced, too. Another friend, just a week before we all left London, told me she had got a new suit. "A nice suit," she added. "I am sure it is," I said encouragingly. "One of those attractive thin tweeds—warm, you know, but nice and light, and wearable even in hot weather."

"My dear!" said I.

"Well, the usual hot weather, not this. This is—" she hesitated.

"Yes," replied I. "Never mind describing it. We all know what it is like! Your suit, now?"

"I think it's the colour of a buff Orpington," she stated, and I was ever so pleased. "Clever girl, what a good idea. I like it so much. The soft sort of pastry colour—pastry, with just a hint of pink somewhere? Show me a bit of it."

And she showed me a bit and it was no more like a buff Orpington than a Tamworth pig! Really people are so tiresome. But she gave me the idea; and besides, Tamworths are another nice colour!

Since then I have matched buff Orpingtons in tweed, and I admit it isn't as easy as it sounds. I went down to the chicken enclosure, with a handful of patterns, with the boy who was giving them their evening meal, and I managed to get it done quite nicely. The trouble lay with the patterns, not with the fowls. "They" walked over me before they had done. I can nearly always win the heart of an animal or a bird when I try, and this time I tried because I was anxious to see if pastry with a hint of pink was 'anywhere near it," and it was; but, as I said, the patterns were a trial, because they refused to repeat the adorable softs shades without a heart-to-heart search which nearly exhausted the patience of the boy and quite exhausted the supply of evening meal. However, this is the correct method—test your metirial that you think the right shade against the natural wearer of that shade, and you will see how very far out your trusted eye can be. Autumnal colouring enchants me anew as each autumn comes round. I do not mean the more blatant reeds and yellows that such a term usually recalls to mind, but all the strange and sometimes puzzling hues that autumn brings with it. Autumn will turn your dying bracken to chrome yellow (buttercup colour as nearly as it can go) or to foxy-red, wet bracken under pines, with a low sun slanting through. That foxy-red, how lovely it is! Green beech a-dying; rough cornelian picked up one a pebble-ridge on a showery evening against the dying light, a grand-father cock pheasant out for tea on a hot October evening, Japanese lacquor, Japanse chrysanthemums! It is one of those opaque hues that yet have the divine spark—the light inside—and a certain translucence to let it through. Take the cold, yet burning brilliancy of the violet of that king of thistles, the ordinary garden globe artichoke run to seed. This again, though rarely is an autumnal colour cold and fierce together. It is the violet of opal matrix, not the violet of the flower of that name. Some violas approach it, but never a violet, But if you want autumn all at once, you need go no further than a step beyond the artichokes, to the carrot-bed. The "turning" foliage of the common carrot is a tray of jewels to me. There you find faint primrose side by side with rose scarlet and pale pink, there is wine, the true beet hue, there is cle rest green growning next door to purest old gold. There are bronze and copper a veritable Tom Tiddler's ground, a forest of metallic fern-like leaves rising from the humble but beautifully-tinted root. What is carrot, colour! That I find trips up nearly as many guessers as does brick-red. The person who tries to "match" brick-red generally comes to hopeless grief! Orange! against Now, it would be fairest to say that orange is the colour of the Orange, but it hardly ever is, I mean Oranges are hardly ever orange The best "pattern" of that colour will be found in the helpfully named Orange Lily which, to my mind, shows it to perfection, and so do certain shades of zinnias. (How coarse and stiff is that flower, how absolutely gorgeous can its colouring be!) But when you come to so-called orange sweetpeas—when you come, in fact, to sweetpeas called any sort of yellow, you had better recollect that the wish is father to the thought.

It may be beyond the grave
She shall find what she would have.

That was written of the lady who wanted a blue rose. Some of us may find orange and sulphur sweetpeas waiting for us beyond the fields of asphodel. For myself, much as I ask of Heaven, I shall be content with sweetpeas in earth-colours. The people who look for blue roses deserve no roses at all hereafter.

THE GREENS OF AUTUMN.

Think of the greens of autumn? It is always the greens of spring that people think of. They forget there are others besides chrysoprase and jade, the "pomme vert" and the "verte ancienne" of porcelain, the green of peridot and beetlewing. They forget those greens which remain when you have shut your eyes to the peacockblue of the peacock, those greens which in my sight are more beautiful than that greenish-blue—again a colour with a light inside it! They forget, because they never remembered. If you go across country when the trees are changing colour, you will find your untutored eye seeking for reds and yellows. If you gether foliage to take home you will bring only those shades, unless you are the tenth person beyond the nine! People who love a variety of foliage in their gardens will rush to golden variegations and brilliancy of creeper-red, depth of wine-hues and gleam of silver of Miss Jekyll's "grey gardens," but they will forget that there are unexpected greens which strike as keenly pleasant a note of variety. So among the greens of autumn he a hundred and one shades for exquisite autumn wear which no true colour-lover will overlook. It is not among no flowers a d leaves alone, though, that we should look. The horse-chestnut gives us a whole colour-card all to himself!—the wonderful green of his trunk (just you notice how green three-trunks can be,) his beautiful fingered leaves, and all the shades they pass through, his fruit, unripe and ripe, as to prickly husk, white volvet inside, and polished mahogany as to nut—more fascinating still, skewbald when unripe! Yesterday, I think, I met the Devil of all the Plants. His fruit was black and tempting and polished, he had still a flower or two, the most evil dull black-purple he had a strong villain of a leaf, he was most fascinating, even to me who did not know what he was. "Deadly Nightshade, don't play with it," greeted my return to the house. "Play with it?" said I. "It terrifies me." Never mind, don't play it." was repeated. And it is quite possible the prosaid man who gave me the order was quite wise to give it again. Deadly shade of the night a terror by noonday, far worse then at night, when all berries are black and all dowers black-purple!

For all kinds of home-baking use
"Paisley Flour"
(Trade Mark).
The SURE raising powder
packed in tins. Keeps in perfect condition in hot and moist climates.
Use one part to eight of ordinary flour,

THE TWO SERVICES.

ROYALTY AND SHIP LAUNCHING.

Contrary to what has been generally stated, His Majesty the King will not act as "sponsor" to the battleship which bears his illustrious title. The launch of the "King George V." at Portsmouth is fixed for October 9th, and, although His Majesty will not be present, it is understood that the launching will be per ormed by a Royal personage. It is not improbable that the presence of the King and Queen at a function of this character will be reserved for the floating of the cruiser "Queen Mary at Jarro-won-Tyne, thus following the precedent set in the last reign, when Queen Alexandra accompanied King Edward to Devonport Dockyard, and set free the battleship "Queen."

RESPONSE TO THE 13·5-INCH GUN.

So much has been written concerning the potential value of the battleship "Orion" that to the uninitiated in naval technicalities she represents the climax in the power of attack and the crowning achievement in other respects. As a matter of fact, however, the 22,600 ton "Orion" does not touch the present to say nothing of the prospective, limit either in armament or displacement, The record for size afloat is at this moment held by the Argentine Republic's 27,600-ton battleship "Rivadvia," and this figure will be surpassed by something like 5,000 tons when the "Rio de Janeiro," building in England far Brazil, is put afloat. As regards armament, the "Orion's" aggregate weight of fire is 13,244lb., compared with the German "Helgoland's" 13,676lb., although broadside for broadside superiority resides in the British vessel to the extent of about 550lb. of metal. For the moment the "Orion's" 13·5inch guns are the most powerful to be actually tested in a completed ship, but this supremacy of the gun is already threatened by Germany and the United States, who are putting 14-inch guns into their ships, while the Ordnance Department at Washington is reported to be considering the advisability of adopting a 16-inch gun with a projectile of 2,400lb. or almost twice the weight of that for the "Orion's" 13·5-inch guns.

"AN ILL WIND," ETC.

The links of friendship which unite the British Navy to foreign fleets have just been strengthened as the result of the decision of the Greek Government to reorganise their Navy on British lines. Since Rear-Admiral Lionel Tufnell was permitted by the Admiralty to act as Naval Adviser to the Greek Government several naval officers and men have been similarly "loaned" for instructional purposes. The latest leavening of British experence in the Greek Navy consisted of seven retired warrant officers, who took a passage out in the cruiser "Georgius Averoff." A pleasant surprise awaited these instructors, who on joining the warrant officers' mess were presented with an address of welcome. The president of the mess alluded in felicitous terms to the privilege which had been afforded the Greek Navy in numbering, temporarily, with the sons of glorious England," and in having placed at its disposal "the fighting skill which many times had honoured the powerful fleet of the British Nation." The president added that the British warrant officers would be aided in their task and considered henceforth as brother officers. The enforced detention of the damaged Greek cruiser at Devonport for some weeks after she had represented her country at the Coronation naval review, not only enabled the best British workmanship to be put into her, but also impressed the officers so much with British methods as to create an irresistible desire to secure a sprinkling of well-seasoned naval men to leaven the lump of inexperience in up-to-date training which obtains in the Greek naval service.

PTOMAINE POISONING IN THE NAVY.

It is to be hoped that rigid precautions will in future be taken to reduce to a minimum the danger to the men of our war fleet, which arises from the eating of unwholesome food purchased at the canteens on board their ships or at the naval barracks. A Canteen Scrutiny Committee is supposed to exist on board each vessel carrying a canteen, whose duty it is to see that the goods sold to the men by the servants of the canteen contractors are up to the standard stipulated for in the contracts made by these large firms with the Armiralty when the ship is commissioned or recommissioned, but their duties are general rather than particular in this direction; yet our warships are so continuously changing their stations and subjecting their tinned-food to every sort of climate, that some system of ordered and periodical inspection appears to be necessary. Such an inspection should moreover be carried out by a specialist, rather than by the laymen of a Scrutiny Committee elected by the men. The death of a young seaman named William Hadath recently from Ptomaine poisoning by eating cold tinned pease is a warning that should make the authorities alive to using every method of protecting the valuable lives of men whose training has cost the country hundreds of pounds, and who can be ill-spared from the fleet in any case.

THE COMMAND OF THE BALTIC.

That Russia has determination behind her ambition to regain the command of the Baltic Sea must be recognised by all who closely watch the efforts she is making to bring a modern fleet into being over the bones of her sailors who rest in the seas of the Far East. Indeed, this object is clearly stated in the preamble of the Russian Navy Bill of April, 1911. There are eventually to be three fleets, one in the Baltic, one in the Black Sea, and a third in the Pacific. In the carrying out of this ambitious programme—ambitious only because her finances are in such a straitened condition—two battleships have recently been launched on the Neva. The "Poltava" took the water in July, and this vessel was preceded by the "Sevastopol" a fortnight earlier in the year. Two other battleships of the 1909 programme are following the two above-named vessels at intervals of a few weeks. These ships are all of 23,000 tons' displacement. But a flagging programme will make her earlier ships obsolete before her last ships are in commission, and so prevent her ever really obtaining the gun-power in the Baltic that such a force as the above represents on paper.

SIR JOHN FRENCH'S TASK.

The publication of the Parliamentary paper dealing with the work of the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, makes it clear to most of us how numerous are the duties that are imposed on the holder of this post. If, as the report of the Committee of the Imperial Conference seems to imply, the Chief of the Imperial General Staff is to be charged by the Secretary of State for War with the military defence of the Empire, as well the system of military training and war organisation, one fails to see how even such a colossus of physical and mental gifts can efficiently perform the duties or supervise the work of all these appointments. One may well ask how it is proposed to combat the unwieldy nature of such an office. There are, partically speaking, three distinct departments, each of which is weighted with an enormous amount of detail, which the Imperial General Staff are never likely to be able to relieve them of, if the dovetailing system continues. Organisation and administration are being lumped together, and it is hardly likely to work smoothly or efficiently in consequence. It seems to one that our creation of an Imperial General Staff has absorbed into its routine and offices the work of a private general staff, which it is most desirable should be entirely separate and subordinate. The control of the Dominion section of the Imperial General Staff is another heavy burden to lay on the shoulders of our first military member, and one that will give an increasing amount of organisation work in the near future.

RESHUFFLE OF THE GENERAL STAFF.

The extensive rearrangement of the General Staff that is in progress commends itself to the Army and the public al ke, says the "United Services Gazette," for both in and outside the Services there has been a considerable amount of unrest and undisguised dissatisfaction at the way in which the selection of officers to fill important posts has been carried out during the present regime, whilst the showering of honours on a certain clique who are said to possess the occult power of commanding them has been the subject of clubland gossip for months. The Secretary of State for War, if these ramours ever reach him, must at times feel how hopeless it is for a great lay mind to combat the chicaneries of professional place-seekers and time-servers. More than ever does the fact become apparent that in the Army the race is not to the swift, or the battle to the strong. Military promotion does not always carry with it the hall mark of great warlike capacity. In the piping times of peace there are evidently other things that tell. In the new Chief of the General Staff the Army is prepared to place unbounded confidence. A practical and fearless leader in the field, and having opinions of his own and not disinclined to follow them, it is believed that the hollowness of some of the Whitehall drums will not escape his notice.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA
"We cannot speak too highly of its value."
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited: PHILLIPS & Co. KEMP & Co., Limited; &c.,

HIGH COURT.—OCTOBER 5.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar).
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

1103-10 Edgelow G W and Co Meherunissa vs Rehmubai Allana and others vs Thakurdas and Co
1105-11 Edgelow G W and Co. Abdulla Gullamhusein Allana vs Rehmubhai Allana and others. Thakurdas and Co.
823-10 Jamshedji R and D Budrudin Ahmedji vs Mahomedally Abdullali and another Jehangir and S.
1063-10 Madhowji K and C Gangabai widow vs Laxmibai widow and others Captain and V.
1065-10 C P d'Cunha, Bai Divalibai vs Ravidas Rattonsey Captain and V.
1069-11 Madhowji K and C Jivandas Damodhar and another vs Valji Govindji and others Jamshedji R and D.
1005-10 Dadachanji and P Bhikaji Dadabhai Dhanidaduna Mistri vs Soonabai Rustomji Shroff and others Mulla and M
482-10 Mirza M and M Ghulam Hussein Hashum and others vs Mahomed Hoosein Cassam Nanji and others Madhowji K and C.
277-09 Mulla and M Goculdas Manji Javervahoo widow and others vs Mulla and M Manecklal and T.
337-08 Thakurdas and Co Bai Jimbabai widow and others vs Abdool Hoosein Kikabhoy.
378-10 Crawford B and Co The Hong-kong and Shanghai Banking Corpr vs Nagindas Vallabhdas and another Little and Co T A Gandhi.
808-10 M B Chothia Bai Khatizabai widow vs Chandbi widow and others Jamshedji R and D
434-10 Jehangir and S Heptoola Esufally and others vs Meiter Lucins Bruning Co Ldt Craigie B and C
269-11 Ardeshir H D and Co Bhimji Bhanji vs James Macneill Fainsh and others Payne and Co.
774-11 Thakurdas and Co Mahomed Hassam Haji Jan Mahomed vs Haji Salleh Mahomed Haji Ahmed Noorani and another Payne and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

1099-10 Kanga and S Saik Dawood, Shaikh Imam vs Mariambai Ardeshir H D and Co.
For Hearing on Exceptions to Commissioner's Report.
747-08 Malvi H M and R Velji Gunsey and others vs Nessan Bicaji and others Tyabji D and Co.
1111-10 Mehta and D Rajaram Vithal vs Bhimaji Shivaji Jamshedji R and D
1118-10 J R Patell and Co, Bapulal Amratlal and another vs Amratlal Magonlal and another Mehta and D
1121-10 Motichand and D Abdul Rahim Mahomed Narma and others vs the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and another Crawford B and Co
1172-10 Chitnis M and K C F D'Souza vs A P J D'Silva Norton and another Ragavaya B and N
33-11 Motichand and D Fida Hussein Abdul Kayum and vs Abdul Hoosein Abdullali and another S B Mehta.
34-11 J R Patell and Co Noorbai widow and another vs Khalizabai widow. Ardeshir H D and Co.
98-11 Thakurdas and Co Hajee Essac Joosub and others vs Siddick Hajee Ismail and others Little and Co.
127-11 Munchersha and N Ismailji Esufally vs Abdul Rehman Haji Inperson.
185-07 Daphtary F and D K Venkata Rao and others vs Deccan Pressing Ginning Co Ld Unwalla and P

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.)
Summary Suits for Disposal in Chambers.

782-11 Kanga S Tarachand Murlidhar vs Cursondas Bhimji Vaid and others.
For Consent Decree.
208-11 Mansukhlal J H and Co Gulam Hussein Adamji Tavawalla and others vs Heptulla Ismailji Valiji and others S B Mehta.
For Decree under order 34 Rule 6 C P C.
794-10 Tyabji D and Co Abdul Latif Haji Sumar vs Haji Mussa Haji Cassum and others Wadia G and Co.
For Terminating the Suit under Order. 24 Rule 4, Cl 2 C P C.
1149-09 Captain and V Bandeali Sonji vs Dayalhaji and others Little and Co.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.
110-11 Madhowji K and C Javervahoo widow vs Walji Govindji and others Jamshedji R and D Part heard.
614-11 Smetham B and C (for pauper) Louise Phillips vs Stanley Humphreys and Co Crawford B and Co.
139-11 Nadirsha and D Sakoobai Widow vs Ramchandra Khondaji Patell Kadukar Khanderao L and M.
168-11 Edgelow G W and Co Mulji Lakhmidas vs Vasudeo Balwant Soman Malvi H M and B.
181-11 Nanu H and Co Aboobakan Abba vs Lalji Ramji Jehangir G and B.
203-11 T A Gandhi Lakhmidas Pragji vs Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay and another Crawford B and Co.
206-11 Mulla and M Dhana Khushalji vs Kumbhar Mulji Pacha and others Thakurdas and Co.
241-11 M B Chotia Harakji Daya vs Bai Sada widow S B Mehta.
263-11 Jamshedji R and D Sukumbai vs Vazirbai widow and others Shroff D and D Bhaishankar K and G.
278-11 Mirza M and M Kalidas Narayandas and another vs Rustomji Dhunjibhoy Sethna and others Payne and Co.
280-11 Pestonji R K and Co Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit Baronet and another vs. Khemraj Shrikisondas Payne and Co.
281-11 Raghavaya B and N Bai Mithabai widow vs. Mulji Soonderji and others Unvalla and P Mulla and M for postponement.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 5th October.

228. Strength—The following members are struck off the strength of the Corps with effect from 1st Oct 1911 —

Bombardier P Wood-Scawen, Gunner N Cantelo, R J Fletcher, and A Purdie.

200. Arms and Accoutrements—Arms and accoutrements will be issued from 9 a m to 1 p m daily (Sundays excepted). Members are requested to draw their Arms as soon as possible, as the Rifles not issued have to be stored in the Ordnance Department. (No Rifles can be issued to Native Servants).

222. Parade—Saturday 7th October—No. 1, 2, and E E Company Squad Drill. Parade at Head Quarters at 5-30 p.m.

Dress—Khaki and Caps, Rifles and Slings.

Recruits not in possession of uniform may wear plain clothes.

Arms will be issued at 5 p.m. to members who have not already drawn them.

225. Musketry—The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for Spoon Competition and Practice on Sunday, 8th October, 1911. Ranges 200 and 500 yards. Firing to commence at 8 a.m.

Dress—Plain Clothes.

226. Orderly Sergeant—Orderly Sergeant for the ensuing week—No 1 Company Sergt T W Venn and No 2 Company Sergt O M P Clyne.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 5th October.

831. Parade—To-day Thursday the 5th Inst—"E" Coy Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p m
Dress—Drill Order Mufti.

832. Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—
Saturday, 7th inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, 8th inst "E" Coy.
Saturday, 14th inst "A" Coy.
Sunday, 15th inst "D" Coy.
Saturday, 21st inst.—"A" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-50 a.m.

833. Bugle Practice—All Buglers will parade at 6 p.m. on Friday next, the 6th inst. at Bombay Education Society's School, Byculla.
Dress—Mufti.

834. Accounts Audit—The Quarterly audit of Accounts will take place at Head-Quarters, Council Road, on Tuesday the 10th instant at 10 a.m.

835. Parade—"G" Coy will parade at the Bombay Gymkhana at 7-30 a m on Monday the 9th instant
All Recruits of the current Season should be endeavour to attend.
Dress—Uniform.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

NOTICE.

The 1st Bn Royal Dublin Fusiliers Boxing Tournament takes place at Ahmednagar on the 27th October 1911 and succeeding nights also Annual Sports on 23rd and 24th October. There are several open events, Intending Competitors should apply to Adjutant at Head-Quarters B V Rifles for further particulars.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a.m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	4
B Mandvi, Umkla, Oomerkhadi and Dungri	1	0	16
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	3	2	20
D Khotwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	1	0	12
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	1	21
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	4
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	11
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospital	0	0	5
Total	6	3	93
Same date last year	2	1	95

CROSSE & BLACKWELL C & B CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES.
TABLE DELICACIES.
In Special Tins with Extra Lid.
PICKLES, SOUPS, JAMS, JELLIES, POTTED MEATS, MALT VINEGAR, SALAD OIL.
Agents for Lea & Perrins' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

NEW DESIGNS AND NOVELTIES.
T. 1924, Peridot, whole Pearl and Platinum, Rs. 410. Green Tourmaline, Rs. 410. Amethyst " " " 340. Aquamarine, " 550.
T. 1803. Pearl Matted Bracelet, Diamond, Pearl and Olivine Shape, Rs. 315.
T. 1951. Diamond mounted in Platinum, Rs. 330. Large Size, Rs. 450.
T. 1801. Diamond and Pearl Matted Bracelet, Rs. 550.
Aqua Pearl and Platinum, Rs. 115. Peridot and Pearl, Rs. 85. Amethyst and Pearl Rs. 75.
T. 4913. Diamonds and Pearls, Rs. 315.
T. 4916. Pearl, Diamond and Enamel, Rs. 125.
T. 1942. Diamond and Pearl, mounted Platinum, Rs. 360.
T. 4906. Diamond and Peridot mounted in Platinum, Rs. 210.
T. 1802. Diamond and Pearl Matted Necklet. Rs. 1,155.
T. 1990. Ruby or Sapphire, Pearl & Platinum, Rs. 180.
T. 1946. Aqua, Diamond and Pearl and Platinum, Rs. 150. Pink Tourmaline, " 150, Green " " 145, Amethyst, " " 140.
Manufacturing Jewellers, MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.
SCRUBB'S AMMONIA
MARVELLOUS PREPARATION
Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.
For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.
SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.
The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
Acts like a charm in DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.
Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.
The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.
Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.
INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.
N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.
CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by all Chemists.
Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6
Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

CHAPOTEAUT'S MORRHUOL
CURATIVE PRINCIPLE OF COD LIVER OIL
TASTE NO SMELL NO NAUSEA
MORRHUOL
Is superior to Emulsions or Oil, it cures Incipient Consumption, Coughs, Bronchitis and Scrofula.
Each tiny Morrhuol capsule is extracted from a teaspoonful of cod liver oil.
Recommended at the Paris Academy of Medicine, for loss of appetite and flesh, to patients with consumptive tendencies.
Sold everywhere in bottles of 100 Capsules.
PARIS, 8, rue Vivienne.—Sold by all Chemists

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS
Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English) Brass. Sold everywhere. For Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, 1, Artillery Lane, London. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.
INSTANT RELIEF
Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co. Bombay & Poona.

Established over a Century.
GOLD & CO., Birmingham, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES
Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1888.
73 Rivets. 400 314 600
Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

CONTINENTAL

ROADSTER TYRE

"The World's Fastest Cycle Tyres."

I am pleased to inform you that the continental Roadster Tyres which you have supplied me with 2 1-2 years ago at Ootacamund have given me very good satisfaction indeed. The bicycle has been used by me daily on very bad roads in India as well as in China and Japan, I can assure you that I have not come across any better tyres in my experience. (Sd.) R. C.

Every Cover and Tube

CONTINENTAL

MOUNTAIN TYRE

"The World's STRONGEST Cycle Tyre"

I have much pleasure in informing you that a pair of your Mountain Tyres has given me entire satisfaction. I am a heavy man—being 16 stones—and I have taken very hard work from the Tyres which I am still using and which are very good yet. I have come across nothing so good, although I have used many Tyres before. (Sd.) C. H.

Specially Manufactured

COVENTRY

HORSE BRAND TYRE

"The World's Best Low Price Cycle Tyre."

We cannot imagine a better certificate with regard to the quality of these tyres than the fact that we are unable to cope with the tremendous demand for them nearly every shipment being fully taken up before landing.

For India.

"CONTINENTAL"

PROVIDE TYRES FOR THE HARD WORKING DISTRICT CYCLE, FOR THE SMART FEATHER WEIGHT ROADSTER AND FOR THE MAN OF SMALL MEANS AND GREAT PRETENSIONS. ALL OF THEM FULLY GUARANTEED.

STOCKED WITH

BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY, Hornby Road, Bombay.
W. H. THORNS & Co., Esplanade. „
N. D. PATEL & Co., Princess Street, Bombay.
INDIAN CYCLE AND MOTOR MART, Tardeo, „
PHIROZSHAW AND SONS, Kalbadevi, Bombay.

AND ALL BAZAAR DEALERS.

C. & G. P. Co. H.

EXTRA HEAVY

RED

CONTINENTAL

CYCLE INNER TUBES

MADE WITH THE PUREST PARA RUBBER AND KNOWN TO BE THE FINEST TUBE OBTAINABLE.

C. & G. P. Co. H.

NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,

Watch and Clock Specialists,

31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY;

This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.

Nickel Silver case.

Rs. 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shewn exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 Months.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D., *Physician to the Westminster Hospital.*

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL, *Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.*

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the cachexia forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S., *Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.*

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT, *Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."*

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is Supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BERTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES:

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 182 GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON

? ASTHMA Why suffer when— LALKALA will give you instant relief

EQUALLY EFFICACIOUS FOR HAY FEVER AND CROUP

Recommended by the Medical Profession

In Cigarettes or Papers, price Rs. 2 per Box, net. SURE SAFE PLEASANT

Obtainable from KEMP & CO., *Chemists, BOMBAY.*

Sole Proprietors & Manufacturers:—LUNDY, WILSON & Co., 110, Cannon Street, London E.C.

DUSART'S SYRUP

ROBUST YOUTH LEADS TO VIGOROUS MUSCULAR MANHOOD

DUSART'S Syrup of Lactophosphate of Lime is Nature's Tonic Restorative for Rickety, Scrofulous Children, sufferers from general and Nervous Debility, Poor Blood, Pale Complexions, Flabby Muscles and Excesses. It helps children teething, furnishes the bone-forming material during the growing period, developes contracted narrow chests, weak lungs, feeble constitutions and crooked legs.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS !!!

DUSART, 8, rue Vivienne, Paris.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT', otherwise you have the slightest form of Imitation—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

KESHRANJAN OIL

THE IDEAL BRAIN TONIC.

This flower like sweet scented oil of high medicinal effect cures HEADACHE, VERTIGO &c., &c., and gives the hair a jet black colour and strengthens the roots.

Re. 1 post free Re. 1-5.

PANCHATIKTA BATIKA—is a very safe and sure remedy for all sorts of Malarious fever, chronic fever, high and low fever accompanied by enlargement of spleen, liver, and cough, brain fever, double quotidian fever, in short, in all chronic cases of fever, Price per Box Re. 1. Packing and postage As. 3.

BASAKARISHTA—as a sure remedy for coughs in general, asthma, difficulty of breathing, shortness of breath, tightness and oppression of the chest, wheezing, night sweats, &c., &c. Price per phial Re. 1. Packing and postage As. 5.

PRESCRIPTIONS are sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape and the British Isles, on receipt of concise condition of disease.

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen,

GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER,

M. Ch. S. (Paris), M. Ch. S. (America), M. S. Ch I. (London), M. S. A. S. (London), &c., &c.

Nos. 18-11 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Books, Library Presses Sofas Chairs of latest Designs, made and supplied.—Cheekla, No. 6.

SAINT-RAPHAËL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of **Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence,** *to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.* DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*

(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA and MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.*

To be taken on a lump of sugar.

COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, *Valence* (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for *Madras.*—PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in *Bombay.*
DUMOULIN & Co., Agents in *Pondichéry.*

AFTER ILLNESS

'VANA' TONIC WINE *(Trade Mark)*

HASTENS RECOVERY

Recovery of appetite
Recovery of digestive power
Recovery of a healthy supply of vitalising blood
Recovery of mental and physical force
Recovery of buoyancy of spirits

RAPID AND CERTAIN

Of all Pharmacists

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO., LONDON

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should take immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 84 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisements Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 86, Fenchurch-Street, London E.C.